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PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1867.

RING THE BELL SOFTLY.

Some one has gone from this strange world of ours, No more to gather its thorns with its flowers; No more to linger where sunborns must

fade,
Where, on all beauty, death's fingers are
laid;
Weary with mingling life's bitter and sweet,

Weary with parting and never to meet, Some one has gone to the bright golden

shore—
Ring the bell softly, there's crape on the Ring the bell softly, there's crape on the

Some one is resting from sorrow and sin, Happy where earth's conflicts enter not in; Joyous as birds, when the morning is bright, When the sweet sunbeams have brought us

their light; y with sowing and never to reap, Weary with labor and welcoming sleep— Some one's departed to Heaven's bright

shore.
Ring the bell softly, there's crape on the

door! Ring the bell softly, there's crape on the

Angels were anxiously longing to meet One who walks with them in Heaven's bright street; Loved ones have whispered that some one is

blest; Free from earth's trials, and taking sweet rest.

Yes! there is one more in angelic bliss-One less to cherish, and one less to kiss; One more departed to Heaven's bright shore. Ring the bell softly, there's crape on the

door! Ring the bell softly, there's crape on the

CARLYON'S YEAR.

By the author of "Lost Sir Massingberd," &c.

CHAPTER XXVIII

WAS IT FACT OR FANCY ?

Agnes was the first to speak, for her cousin, like a very ghost, now stood silent and mo-tionless, as though waiting to be interro-gated. "Why don't you shake hands with ne Richard

The young man came forward quickly into the starlight, and held out his hand. took his feverish fingers in her own, and holding them fast, looked leng and steadily into his face. It had grown very thin and haggard. His eyes, more bright and promi-nent than she had ever seen them, moved uneasily in their sockets, as though socking to escape her gaze. Upon his cheeks there was an unwonted flush, which, with his wild

And what brings you here, so suddenly and so late?

"Well, but I shall be here to-morrow. Why not come to-morrow? Go to the inn and sleep to-night, for I am sure you are in

nnu sice; nced of sleep."
"I never sleep," returned the young man, slowly. "I lie awake and dream—that's all.

'How foolish that is of you, Richard: when you could have come and seen me, if you chose, or at all events have written to me: I have heard nothing of you, you know, for many months."

This was true, but it had not distressed her, for Mr. Carstairs had assured her that the louger her consin remained away, and the less communication between them in the meantime, the better it would be for the young man's mental health. She knew that ae would visit the Brae sooner or later; for he had left his sea-clest containing his pro-fessional apparel, in charge of Cubra, to whom he had written once or twice, short, quiet, sensible letters, which had spoken of himself as well and cheerful; and the change in his present appearance was the more startling upon that account.

"No; I have not written, Agnes, but I ave heard of you; and that is why I came own here. Look you," here he raised his down here. voice, and struck the table with his clenched fist, "you have become friends with that

man's sister. Why is that?"
"Because I choose, cousin," answered
Agnes, firmly. "Mrs. Newman has suffered Agnes, firmly. "Mrs. Newman has suffered much of late; the has lost her only son. He was drewned in crossing the sands."
"Her son? I did not knew she had a son.

Poor soul! I wish it had been her brother. "Richard! Do you then wish him dead who saved your life in yonder bay? For shame-for shame!"

cowards deserve to die; and besides, I hate him."

"That depends upon who insults—who challenges. Have you been seeking the man's life who saved your own—wicked, un-

"I let him know what I thought of him, that's all, and I gave him the opportunity of resenting it. I say that he is a coward." "But you do not think so, Richard. If

you have come here only to tell me false-hoods, I have no wish to hear them."

"I am come here for something clse, Agues. Do not let us quarrel." Here his voice, erst harsh and sullen, sank and softened. "I am come to claim your promise, claim my bride."

"My promise, Richard?" The blood rushed to her face, and her breath came so short and quick, that she could scarcely frame the words. "I don't know what you

mean."

"Ah! who is speaking falsehoods now?
My pretty one that will not hint of love, except by these twin roses in her checks. My life, my own, my all!—ah, how I love you!"
His eyes had lost their shifting light, and beamed with ineffable tenderness; his face, so sunk and hollowed, seemed to have regained its look of youth; his fingers played with one bright tress of hers that had wandered from its fellows, as a child's hand with a flower. "How beautiful you are, Agnes! a flower. "How beautiful you are, Agnes!

Let me hear the music of your voice."

It was plain that he might have been governed by her lightest word, did she but choose to humor him. If she had but said, "Go, love, and come to-morrow," with a meaning smile, he would have obeyed her. It would have been easy to hoodwink one al It would have been easy to hoodwork one already so half-blind with passion. But Agnes shrank from a treachery which to many would have seemed a pardonable ruse. She would not play fast-and-loose even with a madman.

"Cousin Richard, you have long ago had my answer to the question you would put.
It is unmannerly, and most unlike a gentleman, to press me thus. I will never marry
you, because I do not love you; and more, Richard, if you continue to persecute me in this unmanly fashion, I shall forget that you are my cousin—the only relative I have in the world-and-"

"You will not marry me!" interrupted the young man, vehemently; "and because you do not love me! That is not true. It is because you love another man far better. Now, listen; I will tell you something about that man, whom you think noble, pure, and truthful."

"Are you speaking of the man you strove

Well, that was a lie. I did but say it to prove you—to see whether you could love him still, even if he were a coward. I wished him dead a thousand times, 'tis true, but then—why he saved my life. My curse upon air, gave to his beauty an almost lurid him. If I had known, when we two stood upon the lessening sand yonder, and he was breasting the swift tide in hopes to save us if I had known what was to come of it, and ow this man should steal away your heart. how this man should steal away your heart, I would have flung my arms about you, Agnes Crawford, and perished with you in the roaring flood, before your hand clasped his. I would, so help me, heaven!"

"Heaven will not help you, Richard, if your thoughts are such as these."

"And you shall never win him now—be.

"And you shall never win him now—be sure of that," went on the young man vehe-mently. "You hope so—yes, you do—but that hope shall bear no fruit. I tell you he is not worthy of you-he is neither pure nor

"Is that 'to prove me,' also, cousin Richard?" said Agnes, pitifully.
"No," answered the other with vehe-

mence, "as God is my judge. I know this Carlyon well. I ought to know him, for I have been his shadow for these many months. It has been my life's work to dog his foot-steps. Yes, a spy; why not? I would have done worse things than that to gain my end.'

"And what was that ?" "To find him false to you."

There is no bond between this man and me, Richard, as I have told you long ago. He can break no faith who has not plighted

Then I suppose it is the starlight which makes you look so pale," answered the young man, bitterly; "it is the night air which chills your limbs and makes your voice tremble. Otherwise I should have almost thought you were afraid to listen to the tale of this man's guilt. If I had been loved like him—nay, though you loved me not, and only because I loved you, all women have been nought to me for your sweet sake; no face, however fair, has striven within me for one moment for the mastery with the remembrance of yours; nay, if I have been base, as your cruel eyes told me awhile ago, it has been all for love of you. But this it has been all for love of you. But this man, though freighted with all the treasure of your heart, is blown about with every whisper from a wanton's lips. I have seen

you are ungrateful, Richard. As for the rest, John Carlyon is courage itself."

"What! when a man will not take an insult when it is offered?—will not accept a challenge when it is given?"

"Whose that it do not wish to hear, sir," cried Agnes, haughtily. "You may speak truth or falsehood. But if you lie, you cannot be more vile than to have gleaned this shame and thought to have furthered your own aims by pouring it into my unwilling ears. I despise—I loathe you."

I despise—I loathe you."
In the silence that followed close upon her angry words, she heard the handle of the chamber-door turn. The air, that had been flowing freely through the room throughout the interview, suddenly ceased, a third per-son, then, had either just entered or just quitted the apartment, closing the door be-hind him. She knew not who it was, but the consciousness of not being utterly alone inspired her with the courage that she was about to need.

"You despise, you loathe me, do you, while you persist in believing this man to be all that is chivalrous and noble? and you dare tell me that to my face."

"Yes, I dare."
"That is because you are angry, Agnes.
A woman will say anything when her blood

"Come here, to-morrow, Richard Craw-

ford, and I will tell you the same."

"How beautiful she is," murmured the young man, tenderly. "The passion which mars most women's charms only heightens hers. She loathes me, and yet, ah Heaven, how I love her!-You will never be my wife, Agnes, that is certain?"

Never, never. "Then sure as Heaven is above us, no Then sure as Heaven is above us, no other man shall wed you. Look you here."
From his breast pocket he drew forth a sheathless knife and threw it on the table with a clang. The starlight shone upon the home and solve the shade of the starlight shone upon the long and pointed blade, and glimmered on the stones that formed its handle.

"That is no steel for common uses, Agnes."
This young girl had no fear of death, nor even of untimely death; but thus to die, stabbed by a kinsman, struck terror to her inmost heart. "Oh cousin, would you kill me?

"Kill you?" returned the young man with a bitter laugh; "you must have told me truth indeed, when you said awhile ago that you despised me. I hurt you? I would not harm one shining hair of that bright head, although such sacrilege should cause the Devil to forego his rights and so should win me Heaven. I only said no other man should wed you."
"No man is going to wed me, Richard."

"No man is going to wed me, Richard.
"But there is one who would wed you, if he could, and whom you love. A man, says Mr. Carstairs, doomed to die early. And I say the same. You will never see him more, say the same. You will never see him more, be sure of that."
"What, wretched boy, will you then be

his assassin? "I shall stab him: yes. In two days, from this, or three at farthest, John Carlyon will be dead, and it will be your love that killed him.

He was gone. Or, had he not been there at all, and was it a mere hideous dream? The sun was shining full on the window of the little drawing room, but she was cold and shivering. How long had she lain upon the floor, whereon she had found herself when she awoke! And did she wake from sleep or swoon? No sign of her late visitor was to be seen. Upon the little table lay her books and workbox, but the shining dagger was no longer among them. Had it never been there, or had it indeed been taken away in fulfillment of that horrible threat! deep silence of the early morning amote her heart with fear: she dared not be alone, but seized and pulled the bell-rope. The little bell tinkling violently, just outside the door, roused the inmates of that pocket-dwelling as effectually as any alarm-bell tolled back-wards from cathedral tower.

Mrs. Marcon, beheld for once without her widow's cap and weeds, hurried into the

"Lor, Miss Agnes, why what is the mat-ter? How early you have got up, and how pale you are! I am sure you must be ill." A moment after her entered dusky Cubra; her attire not presenting any very striking difference to that she wore in the day.

"Gorramighty bress us, Missie Agnes, what the matter?" There is somebody in the house. Some

Robbers!" cried the widow, clasping her hands; "Heaven preserve us; this is what I always thought would come of being a lone 'No, not robbers," said Agnes, gravely,

"Ao, not robbers, said Agnes, gravely, and casting a suspicious look at Cubra.
"Lovers!" exclaimed the widow, with a shudder of disapprobation and surprise.
"Lor who'd a thought it with one of her color!"

color Cubra did not deign to reply to this remark, whether she considered it as a compliment or an innuendo.

yourself."

have undertaken, notwithstanding the broad daylight, for millions of money. Upon the other hand, she was exceedingly averse to be left alone in the drawing-room; so the three women accomplished the tour of the house together, the whole inspection—which was a very thorough one—occupying about as many minutes. It was impossible that even a mouse could hide itself in that diminutive dwelling, and indeed they fourdone in occupation of the kitchen. Both doors were securely fastened on the inside, as the widow maintained she had left them.

"I suppose I must have been mistaken," said Agnes, when the search was over; "I

said Agnes, when the search was over; "I am very sorry to have disturbed you; but I certainly beard a noise.

"And got up and dressed yourself without lling us! That was very wrong, Miss Agcalling us! nes. Now do go to bed again, and try and

get some sleep."

They did not suspect then that she had been up all night: and there was no need to tell them. Alone in her little chamber, she strove to recall what had happened in the drawing-room. Every motion made, every sentence uttered, recurred to her with a distinctness, very unlike the remembrance of a dream. And yet how could Richard have possibly concealed bimself in such a house, on the preceding evening, or how escaped through the locked doors? Her agitation was such that she could not bring herself even to lie down, but having disarranged the bed to give the idea that she had slept there, she to give the least has she had slept there, she once more passed into the drawing-room. Yes, in yonder corner he had stood in shadow, and then again by the table, where he had rested his hand upon that very volume. Strange and unaccountable as were his coming and going, she could not disbelieve the evidence of her senses. A sudden thought caused her to lift the sash, which the widow had closed and fastened, and lean out of window. Yes, it was as she suspected. Upon the little margin of flower plot that lay im-mediately beneath, between the window and the box-fringed gravel walk, there were two footmarks, with the toes turned towards the cottage. Her late visitor, stepping over her prostrate form, as she lay in a swoon, must have escaped by this means, letting himself drop-as he might very easily have done-from the window-sill. She had no further doubt about the reality of what had occurred; of the imminence of the peril that threatened John Carlyon; but it was necessary that others should have none. She connivance that her cousin had obtained en-trance to the cottage, or had been harbored within it, the preceding evening. It must have been she who had informed him of her growing intimacy with Mrs. Newman. Every arouse the suspicion of her black attendant, Agnes waited until she heard the latter-who was a very early riser—leave her room and busy herself in the kitchen. Then she stole quietly into the vacated apartment, and opening the chest where Richard's apparel was stored, took out a pair of shees, and placing them in her pocket, sought the garden. Kneeling upon the gravel walk she compared these carefully with the foot-marks on the mould, and found them—mak-ing allowance for the fact that the latter were the impressions of high-heeled boots-to correspond exactly. Then hastily put-ting on bonnet and shawl, she let herself out at the garden gate, and after hesitating a moment at the turning that led to the Priory, passed on through the awakenvillage, and rang the bell at Mr. Car stairs' door,

CHAPTER XXIX. THE IDES OF JUNE.

If Mr. Carstairs' audacious prophecy regarding John Carlyon's lease of Me is to prove garding John Carlyon a lease of me is to prove true, it must do so within the next twenty-four hours, for after to norrow he will have lived his year. In the meantime the doomed Squire feels shydically as well as ever, though mentally much depressed. London life does sot suit him: the pleasures of the town have long ago begun to art.!

If Carlyon had been a vounger was it is a suit of the control of the town have long ago begun to pall.

His existesce at Mellor had indeed been His existence at Mellor had indeed been aimless enough, but it was at least natural, and plennfully sprinkled with kindly acts and words to those about him. He missed the homely honest faces which had always a grateful look in them when they met his. True, in London his hand was a gradule. True, in London his hand was as ready to give, his heart to feel—and there is no place where the poor have greater need of help— but the charity which takes the form of subscription, although as advantageous as any personal aid to the recipient, has no such "Are you sure you locked both the doors healthy effect upon the giver. He felt the last night, as usual, Mrs. Marcon?" inquired bond between himself and his fellow-crea-Agnes.

"Oh yes, miss, I am always particular of loss. And yet it seemed impossible for merce was quite hushed. The streets were

"That you hate him, merely shows that | him, side by side with a bold beauty, her about that; but it's very easy to see for him to resume his old mode of life in the nabout that; but it's very easy to see for yourself."

This suggestion that her lodger should satisfy her own eyes did away with the necessity of any solitary exploration upon the widow's part which she would probably not have undertaken, notwithstanding the broad daylight, for millions of money. Upon the other hand, she was exceedingly averse to be left alone in the drawing-room; so the three women accomplished the tour of the house together, the whole inspection—which was a very thorough one—occupying about as many minutes. It was impossible that even a mouse could hide itself in that diminutive dwelling, and indeed they found one in occupation of the kitchen. Both doors were securely fastened on the inside, as the widow maintained she had left Vicious persons are, as a rule, mack betcountry, with its long periods of income, wherein his thoughts must needs revert to his lost love. He thought of her new, in spite of all distractions; how different she was from even the best of the fine ladies

Vicious persons are, as a rule, usuch bet-ter than they seem, just as Puritans are Vicious persons are, as a rule, mach better than they seem, just as Puritans are much worse; among even profligates there is benevolence, kindliness, and even occasional self-sacrifice. Amid the whirl of fashion (worse than what is called "the vortex of dissipation," because it may last for a life-time, which the latter rarely does,) there are sometimes little quiet eddies of well-doing. Its votaries not unfrequently do good by stealth, and would blush to the roots of their hair if they found it fame. But regarding the company he was now keeping in the most favorable light consistent with truth (and this he did.) Carlyon was obliged to confess that not only in extent and permanence, but in kind, the goodness of Agnes Crawford was of quite another fort than that of generous impulse. There was certainly something about it—supposing that the word really had a meaning—which one calls Divine. If it indeed was so, there was no wonder that Agnes could not, and did not love him. If she had done so, if she had but consented to bear with his spiritual deficiencies, and let him learn from her own lips the whole secret of her hampiness—but she cies, and let him learn from her own Hys the whole secret of her happiness—but she had not liked him enough for that; and he

would have no other teacher. He had, now and then, of late months— thinking "this would please her if she could know of it"—found himself in a church, and listened without much profit. He had been taken thither too by Edith Treherne, to hear her uncle the "snowy banded, delicate handed dilletante dean, intone," with more amuse-ment to himself than advantage. Edith was going to be married, by-the-by, by that very dean in a few weeks, and to a most eligible suitor—a wealthy baronet of very ancient lineage, and who himself was upwards of seventy, years of age. The match had been somewhat hastily arranged—the bridegroom feeling, perhaps, that he had not any time to lose—but the happy pair were "engoed" and the fashiomable newspapers of gaged," and the fashionable newspapers of the previous week had found themselves in felt convinced too that it was by Cubra's a position to inform society of that fact. So far from this disturbing Carlyon, it rather pleased him. His conscience had somewhat pricked him as to the part he had played with that young lady, and he was glad that it had not ever so slightly interfered with one was about to marry Agnes Craw-he felt that it would well nigh drive ford, he felt that it would we him mad. And yet, not only had there been no such tender "passages" between himself and her, as between him and Edith, but science had declared him to be a doomed man. The grave, and not the bridal bed, was waiting for him. His lease of life seemed likely, indeed, to be longer than was expected; but it must at all events be very short. "The shorter," thought he, with bitterness, "the better." He should be sorry to prove carstairs a false prophet; the little man's sepatation was dear to him, he knew, and he had pinned it upon this very point. It sould be quite a pity to disappoint him, and cui bono? What vista stretched before him—though indeed had him—though indeed but for a short distance—in case he should live on? A little more of this wearisome London life, so self-indulgent, yet sounsatisfying. No; he would at all events quit that. He would just stay in London twenty-four hours longer, in order to give Carstairs his chance, and then if he did not exchange his snug rooms at the Albany for some snugger chamber in Kensal Green, he

> bable he would not have succumbed to these melanchely reflections, as it is certain that he would have escaped from the fascination of a hopeless attachment; but a of a hopeless attachment; but as matters were, the companionship of his own thoughts was growing less sal less tolerable. In society, on the other hand, he had got to be almost bolsterously gay, and was voted by men (for he rather avoided drawing rooms now) uncommon good company. When he left them, the life of the party was said to have departed from it; but it was only a galvanic sort of life, that expired with the artificial stimulus.

would be off to the Continent. As though

Black Care, which sat so immediately be

hind him upon Red Berild in Rotten Row, would not be ready to cross the Channel,

ficial stimulus.

It was late even for roysterers; the hum

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was to outled that the slow queing policeman make stilled by the first read their quietable first seed of which he greatly understands that the slow queing policeman make stilled by the proof of the protection of the protection of the straight was tenanticed, and the possible consequences of the protection displays allowed the straight was tenanticed by the work of the protection displays allow give a tenantic what the scenario of the straight was the contract of the work of the protection displays allow give the form of the protection displays allow give the form of the protection displays allow give the protection of the protection displays allow gives the protection of the protection displays allow gives the protection of the protection displays allow gives the protection of the protection

Carlyon would have held out his hand.
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perhaps, and said a few ordinary words of civility, but the look and manner of the other forbad that. His face, contrasting with the coal black hair, was white as marble; his eyes burnt with the steady glow of hate; the iron steadiness of his arm, as it barred Carrette was a menage.

"" would be speak ever a bull he speak ever a bull he speak ever a burner with want a tenant before long."

Iron steadiness of his arm, as it barred Carlyon, way, was a menage.

"It is late, I know, Mr. Carlyon," said
Richard, hoarsely! "but I have waited for you here these four hours, and I must insist upon having speech with you."

"Insist, sir! However, we will not quarrel about a word. Your business must be argent since it has put you to so great an incovenience, although how you knew that I was about to pass this way to night is bewas about to pass this way to night is be-

"What, did you tell her?" exclaimed Carlyon, sir!"

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"What, did you tell her?" exclaimed Carlyon, sir !"

"Yos, I told her all."

"Tablebarer, coward, spy."

The two men struggled together, each holding by the other's throat; Carlyon's giant strength had already made itself felt, when thiding-place the long, keen knife, the sight of which had of late so terrified his cousin, and struck his antagenist two violent and rapid blows. Carlyon what have thrown himself upon him, and struck his hand to his heart, staggered and fell. Richard, transported with fury, would have thrown himself upon him, and statuck his antagenist two violent and rapid blows. Carlyon's giant strength had already made itself felt, when the long, keen knife, the sight of which had of late so terrified his cousin, and struck his antagenist two violent and rapid blows. Carlyon's giant strength had already made itself felt, when the long, keen knife, the sight of which had of late so terrified his cousin, and struck his antagenist two violent and rapid blows. Carlyon's giant strength had already made itself felt was Agnes's kinsman, and one who was dear to her. But they each knew that they were rivals; and the one of them that the other had been successful where he himself had failed.

Carlyon would have held out his hand, the contents of his card-case showed he was not soon.

nd my guessing." 1 knew it, Mr. Carlyon, and much more. Sensible Remarks of an Indian Chief.

was about to pass this way to might is beyond my guessing."

"I knew it, Mr. Carlyon, and much more than the state of the weak and the companion whom you little suspected."

"I knew it, Mr. Carlyon, and much more than the more than a companion whom you little suspected."

"I com, now have had a companion whom you little suspected."

"True, now I think of it, I remember that one of twice of late it has struck me that some fellow dogged my footstep."

"I't was I."

"Well," repained Carlyon, calling to mind something that Mr. Carstars had written concerning this young man; "it is footimate for you that you have said as much A gentleman that steops to play the syr is in the same category as one who, being wealthy plays the thirf. He is not the master of his own actions; and therefore."

"Out of your charity be may escape the horsewhip," interrupted the young man; "it is not the reads and the region." Thank you. I owe you mylife, Mr. Carlyon, and you draw upon the bank of my gratitude without fear of the breaking, is structed without fear of the reads make to which you allowe," "I wish to have no celetions with you while are not of the mast conventional state to the missione to which you allowe," returned Carlyon, half you have a celetions with you while are not of the mast conventional start of the mast conventional start for the burst of the huffills opach without a man of the breaking, it was the proposed of the mast conventional start of the mast convention while you while are not of the mast conventional start of the mast co should recklosely kill and ust eat. When the yell wend upon the result, to invoke the nice of the best of the personal device? Sound logic! Only personal device of the best of the of the bes

contract factors are in lower for, indeed in the man of some in the factors. The factor Tyndial says:—
worthy of her—who is not:—but I did by
think to find you said to her. And yot how
glad I was to find you said to her. And yot how
glad I was to find you said the you had married that girl, I ceally have blessed you,
decimed you the best friend that man ever
bad. But when I found her pighted it
sangher, I hated you were than ever, be
glad I was to find you said the proper form of the said to the proper form
"That Agnes would love me still!" re
peated Carlyon, mechanically, but in low
and gentle tones, like one in his sleep that
therems a pleasant fream. Then she did
how him after all; for whose evidence
could be so trustworthy as that of her
it wherein he was observed, and the market of proper form
it seems, a more Lavored saiter.

If chard marked the charge in his counce
mance at once, and assigned it to the right
case. He had unstraintly been the means
of giving this such legs in the very matter
wherein he would have he and him deepart.
Hortification, personne, hat, send upon
the find a proposition of particles, i brain and the proposition of proposition of propositions of propositions of propositions of propositions and the proposition of propositions o

unreasonable and disgraceful scuffle, they would justly be set down as fools and blasphemers.

"8. and in like manner ten or twenty men who should fight in the street and appeal to the God of pagilism, would be called fools and blasphemers. "9. What then is the exact number of combatants

requisite to justify the invocation to take a side in within a very few doors of home, and as soon as neglectance arrived, he was taken to his "13. Do you really believe that the number and "10. Do you really believe that the number and quantity can make any impression upon God-upon a being whose essence is infinite? Do you not therefore think that to talk of a God of battles is just as

> The reading of the above set of articles, The reading of the above set of articles, we are informed, was "greeted with applause," and "Fanny Lewald's" astonishing production is further said to have been "the greatest success" of the Congress—which assertion we consider very probable, though by no means very flattering to the body of which she was a member.

blasphemous as to talk of a God of pugilists?

"Fanny Lewald," it will be seen, argues that as a fight with the fists, sticks, or more

goes the little head,—very slowly and carefully at first. You cannot see what is going on, but you can guess from the motions that Master Charlie is trying to get his teeth into the apple and is not succeeding very well. At last, out of patience with the provoking thing, which bobs under at the least pressure, thing, which bobs under at the least pressure, he attempts to seize it by a sudden push, or rather dive; so down into the water he ducks, coming up in a condition slightly resembling that of Old Neptune emerging from the sea, while the saucy apple dances lightly around on the top of the water, and seems to be laughing at the discomfited child. Towels have been prepared for any emergency however, and the little fellow is soon wined dry, none the worse for his ducking.

wiped dry, none the worse for his ducking. Every one, from the youngest to the oldest, must make the trial, and some of the party being used to the sport, take the apple quite nimbly, while others, on the contrary, having failed again and again, are obliged to give up the attempt in despair. A few of the more persevering ones, however, try five or six times, and get several good duckings be-fore they succeed in accomplishing the feat; but when at last the wayward apple is cap tured, it is eaten with all the gusto that such

a well-earned morsel deserves.

The bobbing being finished, three bowls are now placed on the side table, one containing clean water, another dirty, and the third being left empty. The young lady who wishes to discover her destiny with regard to marriage, is now led up blindfolded and told to put her left hand into one of the bowls. If she dips it in the first, a young man will be her future husband; if in the second a widower; while if the empty bowl is the one chosen, she is fated to pass through life unmarried. If the anxious quirer is a young gentleman, his three dif-ferent chances will be, of course, to wed a

young lady, a widow, or to remain a bachelor.

This method of tempting the fates generally causes a great deal of merriment among the young people; and luckily we did not happen to have in our party any crusty old

bachelor, like Burns's Auld uncle John, wha wedlock's joys Sin Mar's year did desire, Because he gat the toom dish thrice, He heaved them on the fire In wrath that night.

Now comes the crowning ceremony of the evening. A paper bag filled with candies, nuts, &c., is suspended from the ceiling, and each person in his turn being blindfolded and led off some distance from where the bag is hanging, is then told to march up and strike it with a stick. Some very laughable at-tempts are generally made, but when at last the bag is hit, and the candies come tumbling out, such a scrambling as takes place among the young folks is very rarely witnessed The sugar-plums, however, are quickly The sugar-plums, however, are quickly gathered from the floor by their nimble fingers, and, having finished our games, it is decided to adjourn to the parlor, where the company were soon tripping it so merrily on the "light, fantastic toe," that even the "light, fantastic toe," that e cives outside might have cond the little elves outsid to join in our frolic, had they obtained a

impse of us through the window. We finished our Halloween entertainments at a reasonable hour, but I suppose those gleeful little people, the fairies, kept up their festivities all through the autumn night, till the first streaks of light in the warned them that Halloween was over, and the rising sun would soon usher in All Saints Day.

RUNNING FOR OFFICE.

A gentleman who has been through the olitical mill in New York city-and a very rough and dirty mill that is too—gives his experiences in one of the New York papers. He tells how he was nominated without any

ighness the Grand Pacha Ibranin, son of the Viceroy of Egypt, and authoress of Nights in the Harem." Published by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia. The author says in her preface:—"It was reserved to an humble individual like myself, served to an humble individual like myself, in my official capacity as Governess to the infant son of the Viceroy of Egypt, to become the unheard-of instance in the annals of the Turkish Empire, of residing within those foci of intrigue, the Imperial and Viceregal Harems of Turkey and Egypt; and thus an opportunity has been afforded me of Asmodeuslike, uplifting that impenetrable veil, to accomplish which had hitherto baffled all the exertions of Eastern travellers. It has been my aim to give a concise lers. It has been my aim to give a concise yet impartial and sympathetic account of the daily life of the far-famed Odalisques of the nineteenth century—those mysterious impersonifications of Eastern loveliness. With what success I have achieved this difficult task is left to be independent. cult task is left to the judgment of the public to determine.

THE PERSONAL HISTORY OF DAVID COPPERFIELD. By CHARLES DICKENS.
People's Edition. With Illustrations by H.
K. Browne. We must always consider
"David Copperfield" one of the most admirable of Mr. Dickens's novels. As it seems to have touched the author more than usual to have touched the author more than usual in the writing of it, so we think it touches the reader more in the reading. It is almost difficult sometimes to avoid thinking that Mr. Dickens has put some of his own private experiences into the history of David Copperfield. Published by T. B. Peterson & Bros., Philada. Price \$1.50 in cloth.

SHAMROCK AND THISTLE; OR, YOUNG AMERICA IN IRELAND AND SCOTLAND. A Story of Travel and Adventure. By OLIVER OTTIC. Published by Lee & Shepard, Boson; and also for sale by J. B. Lippincott & o., Philada.

Co., Philada.

Breaking Away; or, The Fortunes of a Student. By Oliver Optic, Published by Lee & Shepard, Boston, and also for sale by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

CONFUCIUS AND THE CHINESE CLASSICS: OR, READINGS IN CHINESE LITERATURE, Edited and compiled by the Rev. A. W. LOOMIS, Published by A. Roman & Co., San Francisco and New York. If this volume was stereotyped and printed in San Francisco, as we suppose, it is a credit to the golden state, for it is about as admirably got up in all respects as a book need be. The contents are well worthy of a careful perusal. Persons generally probably have a very erroneous idea as to the mental and moral darkness of the ancient eras of the world. Confucius, who is supposed to have lived about 500 years before Christ, taught

as follows, for instance:—
"Tsze-Kung asked, saying, 'Is there one word which may serve as a rule of practice for all one's life? The Master said, 'Is not net the transfer of the most want done to yourself, do not do to others.'"

Again—Confucius said:—"The mind of the superior man is conversant with right-

cousness; the mind of the mean man is versant with gain." "The firm, the enduring, the simple, and

The nrm, the enduring, the sample, and the modest, are near to virtue."

"The superior man in eccrything considers righteousness to be essential. He performs it according to the rules of propriety. He brings it forth in humility. He impletes it with sincerity. This is indeed

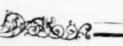
a superior man. The work is also for sale by J. B. Lippin-

ott & Co., Phila. THE SICK DOLL AND OTHER STORIES. For Youngest Readers. With 100 Illustra-tions. Published by John L. Storey, 13 Washington street, Boston; and also for sale by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Phila. A very nice book for the youngest olive branches.

BALZAC'S HOUSE .- A recent memoir of Balzac, the French novelist, says: —"He began to build a villa, a l'Italienne, hired a lot of workmen, and himself in person superin-tended the works. He was a very obstinate, tyrannical overseer, and he soon convinced the workpeople that the only thing for them to do was to give up offering advice, and quietly execute his orders.

"They did so implicitly, and the whole building was completed, when Balzac sud-denly received a deputation of the boldest among them. The spokesman apologized for the intrusion, but the building was completed, and they were anxious to know where they should make the staircase. Balzac had entirely forgotten that item, and found that the only disadvantage to his villa was that there was no access to the up-stair rooms. Still, he was equal to the emergency, and after a moment's reflection he replied, 'It appears the staircase wishes will therefore put it out of the house,' and he executed his threat by having it erected

If you trade with a Yankee, steal his jack knife fust; for if he gets tew whittling, yu are gone. —Josh Billings. X062



* DEPOS

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Political News.

November 9, 1867. GEORGIA.—E. Hulbert, Superintendent of Registration in Georgia, recently issued the following circular:—"A report is being cir-culated by the enemies of reconstruction, that registered voters cannot vote at the election for a Convention, to be held on the 29th, 30th and 31st days of this month, until they had paid their taxes. The report is false. Voters are not required to pay their

false. Voters are not required to pay their taxes before voting."

Accompanying this another circular is sent, to the following effect:—

"You will use every effort to correct the false impression made by the report referred to in the inclosed circular. Distribute the circulars as rapidly as possible. Work sharp, quick. Report to these headquarters the names of persons who are designedly engaged in this trick to deceive the people and defeat reconstruction."

The anti-reconstruction papers complain in earnest terms of this action on the part

earnest terms of this action on the part

Mr. Hulbert. Virginia.—Official returns from 65 coun-

Virginia.—Official returns from 65 counties in Virginia show that 70,777 votes were cast for a Convention, and 44,950 against it. Of the delegates, 30 are Conservative and 60 Radical, 18 of the latter being negroes. A protest has been filed with Gen. Schofield, by John H. Gilmer, against the counting of votes recorded in Richmond after sunset on Wednesday. It is asserted that such votes are illegal. votes are illegal.

Two prominent citizens of Richmond, Virginia, who had streamously opposed the Radical party and discharged colored employes for voting the Radical ticket, have been ordered to leave the city by a colored vigilance

General Schofield, in an official report, explains the apportionment of Delegates to the Convention. The apportionment actually made, gives 47 delegates from election disricts having white majorities, and 56 from istricts having colored majorities.

Ohio.—The official return of the vote on

the negro suffrage amendment is as follows: The total number of votes cast is 484,603. For the amendment 216,987; against the amendment 255,340; being a majority against of 38,353. The remaining 12,276 were blanks. The votes in blank (the N. Y. Tribune says) are "counted as negative."

CALIFORNIA.—The Democratic majority

is reported between three and four thousand

he vote was light.

DAKOTA.—The Dakota territorial election which was held on October 8th, was decided in favor of the Republicans, who elected a majority of the Territorial Legislature. Last year the Democrats carried the Territorial Legislature. Dakota elects two Delegates to Congress, as the people about Fort Laramie want a new Territorial Government for themselves, to be called the Territory of

Laramie, or Wyoming, or Cheyenne, all of Laramie, or Wyoming, or Cheyenne, all of which names are suggested.

WEST VIRGINIA.—The Wheeling Intelligencer estimates that the West Virginia Senate will stand 20 Republicans to 2 Democrats, and the House, 44 Republicans to 11 Democrats—about the same as last year.

GEORGIA.—The voting is nearly altogether in favor of the Convention. Very few whites have yated

have voted. ALABAMA. - The Alabama Constitutional Convention, which is to reconstruct the state, meets at Montgomery. It consists of 93 Radicals, (13 being negroes,) and 2 Con-

servatives. NEBRASKA. - The returns of the local elections show increased majorities for the Re-publicans. The Omaha Nebraskian claims that in two counties they have gained 958 votes since last year.

Foreign Intelligence.

ITALY.—After an obstinate battle at Monte-Rotondo, the Papal troops were de-feated by the Garibaldians, who are repre-sented by the latest despatches to be now at Monte Mario, about two miles from Rome. Their force is stated at from ten to twelve thousand strong.

Great excitement prevails in Rome, and the Pope, dreading an attack, has retired from the Vatican to the Castle of St. Angelo. Large bodies of troops are concentrating

The Pope has issued an encylical letter to the faithful, in which he depicts the dar which surround him, and pathetically de plores the perils menacing the temporal

ower and independence of the Holy See The semi-official journals of Paris say advance of the Italian troops into the Papal provinces was ordered by the Italian govern-ment without the consent of France, and this action, they declare, has brought about a crisis in the relations between the two It is authoricountries dangerous to peace. It is authoritatively stated that no treaty of alliance has been concluded between the Emperors Napoleon and Francis Joseph, but that the encordiale established between France

and Austria is complete.

M. Moustier has issued a note justifying the expedition, stating that Italy had failed to protect the Pope, and the honor and opinion of mankind compet the French government to this course. When the rebelion is crushed, France will retire and ask a

onference with the Powers.

The French troops arrived in Rome and took possession on the lst. They were received by the people in silence. At the last accounts Garibaldi remained at Mount Rotondo with a force estimated at five thousand

The Moniteur says that the Emperor Na-poison has demanded of King Victor Em-manuel an explanation of the invasion of the Roman territory by the Italian forces.

BRELAND.—Two policemen were shot in Dublin on Wednesday night. A reward of £1,000 is offered for the assassins. Great exitement prevails in the Irish Capital. THE WEST INDIES.—San Domingo has de clared war against Hayti, on account of the

ympathy and assistance given by the Hay-tiens to ex-President Baez. Baez was at 'araccas, where he was planning an attempt to return to San Domingo. President Cabral and General Pessen were on the Haytien frontier, with an army of 4,000 men.

13" Many a true heart that would have come back like the dove to the ark, after the first transgression, has been frightened beyoud recall by the angry look and menace, the taunt, the savage charity of an unforgiv-

STORES OF

Reduction in Prices.

The tendency of the markets is toward lower prices, and it is by no means certain that the lowest point has yet been reached. In many articles of prime necessity the reduction has been very important. Some idea of the depression may be obtained by a com-parison of the rates on the following articles on Saturday last, and for the corresponding day in last year:

		1960	1567.
R	Cotton, middling, p.r 3	41 c.	18 C.
r	Cotton, New Orlean;	48 C.	23 C.
	Coffee, Rio, per fb	27 C.	21 (2.25 C.
	Flores on the families was label	\$12,00	38.73
•	Wheat, red, per bush, \$2.9	0048.15	\$2,40@ 2.75
	Mess pork, prime, per bbl.	821	\$24.50@325
R	Hame, per th 216	3 25 C.	30€2.22 €.
1	Coal, red ash, per ton	\$5,75	34.25@4.50
	Coal, white ash	5.95	8.90684.00
B	Coal, Locust Mountain	4.50	\$4.00
,	Coal, Lehigh	6.50	5.00
9	Wool, fine, per fb 600	\$65 c.	50@ 55 c.
		£68 c.	80(t) 40 C.
	Bleached sheetings and shirt		
•	ings, per yard 180		SOILYC.
	Checks, per yard 186		1363.35 % c.
1		550 c.	11 (3.29) е.
	Prints, Merrimacks, per yard	Blife.	184 @ IN C.
	Prints, Spragues, per yard	20 C.	13 % C.
	Prints, Empire state, per yard	18 c.	7 c.
	Ginghams, Lancaster, per yard	27%c.	18@17%c.
	Ginghams, Glasgow, per yard	36 C.	15 c.
	Ginghams, Berkshire, per yard	21/4 C.	17%c.

In addition to the articles which form the principal items of the ordinary market re-ports, there are numerous others which have felt the influence. It can easily be seen, by a contrast of the present prices of cotton and wool with those of last year, that the necessary consequence has been that there has been a very sensible decline in the prices of dry goods, cloths and woolens. It has not been as great, however, as the difference in the prices of the raw material would seem to indicate. Cotton goods, for instance, cannot be bought now at one-half the prices of last year, because the wages of labor are high. The same may be said in regard to woolens; but it is a fact that the decrease of the value in raw materials has had a very important effect upon manufactured articles, and in that fact may be found the reason of the difficulties among dealers who, unfortunately, have had large stocks on hand. Ever where the disposition is included to hold on in the hope of realising what has been paid, the effects of competition by new purchases, at reduced prices, among dealers who have means, must operate seriously upon the in-terests of those who have old stocks on hand. -Philada. Inquirer.

COMING DOWN.

A throng of youth and beauty glide Amid the festive scene, The dancers close, and side by side Upon each other lean. C pon each other lean.

But one fair maid, the queen of all,
Hath on her brow a frown,
She feels her pride will have a fall,
Her—back hair's coming down.

It is stated that thirteen per cent. of

mud of the London streets is abraded

A German in Chicago married a Norwegian bride on Friday. He knows no word of the dialect of his wife, and she knows nothing of the dialect of her husband. There's a chance for peace in the family for

while anyhow Green, the Connecticut wife poisoner, recently attempted suicide by swallowing a bandana handkerchief. The attempt was discovered in time, and the handkerchief

rescued before it was quite swallowed. & The London Times quotes the following advertisement from a New York paper: "To Piano-Forte Makers.—A lady, keeping a first-class school, requiring a good piano, is desirous of receiving a daughter of the above

in exchange for the same."

Ex-Governor John A. Andrews, of

culture recently fell in love with a squaw in Omaha, Kansas, and married her. The next day she got drunk and turned somersaults in the streets. John Bull is at a loss what to do under the circumstances.

Governor Geary has issued his pro-clamation designating Thursday, the 28th instant, as a day of Thanksgiving in Pennsyl-

Mr. Charles Dickens is expected to arrive at Boston this week on the steamer Cuba. He will begin his readings in that city, and intends to limit them to four a week. After giving four readings in Boston, he will go to New York, where he opens on December 9th, and in January he expects to visit Philadelphia. He will give about forty readings in this country, and expects to re-turn to England next May.

The fireverend to some of "the worlds" people.

The fireverend to some of the white Alsta to the Washington Express.

The fireverend to some of the white Alsta to the Washington Express.

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The fireverend to some of the white Alsta to the Washington Express.

The fireverend to some of "the washington Expr FOR WEAK THROATS,-Rev. B. J. years and upwards, using often a dozen of yolks in the same day, and my voice felt as fresh in the evening as in the morning, and

often clearer and stronger. The Peruvian women ride on the hind-quarters of their horses, without a saddle, cross-legged, with the load on the horse in front. They mount the animal by taking held of his tribundant. horse in front. They mount the animal by taking hold of his tail, making a loop by doubling it up, and clasping with one hand the upper and lower parts of the tail, then putting one foot on the joint of the horse's whilst this curious process is going on.

THE LADY'S FRIEND.

Splendid Inducements for 1868.

The proprietors of this "Queen of the Mouthlies" o the following novelets for next year; -

A DEAD MAN'S RULE. By Elizabeth Prescoil,

author of "Hou a Woman had Her Was," &c.
THE DEBARRY FORTUNE By Amanda M. Douglas, author of "In Trust," "Stephen Done," &c. PLREING FROM FATE. By Louise Chandler Moulton, author of "Juno Clifford," &c.

These will be accompanied by numerous short stories, poems, &c., by Florence Percy, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Mrs. Louise Chandler Moulton, Miss Amanda M. Donglas, Miss V. F. Townsend, August

Bell, Mrs. Hosmer, Frances Lee, &c., &c.
The Lady's Friend is edited by Mrs. HENRY
PETERSON, and nothing but what is of a refined and elevating character is allowed entrancé into its

The Fashions, Fancy Work, &c.

A Splendid double page finely colored Fashion Plate, engraved on steel, in the finest style of art, will illustrate each number. Also other engravings, illustrating the latest patterns of Dresses, Cloaks, Bonnets, Head-dresses, Fancy Work, Embroidery, &c.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL ENGRAVINGS.

The beautiful steel engravings which adorn The Lady's Friend are, we think, unequalled.

TERMS: \$2.50 A YEAR.

SPLENDID PREMIUM OFFERS

We offer for THE LADY'S FRIEND precisely the same premiums (in all respects) as are offered for THE POST. The lists can be made up either of the Magazine, or of the Magazine and Paper conjointly, s may be desired.

The Terms for Clubs of THE LADY'S PRUEND are also precisely the same as for THE POST—and the Ciubs also can be made up for both Magazine and Paper conjointly if desired

The contents of The Lady's Friend and of Post will always be entirely different. Specimen numbers sent on receipt of 15 cts.

DEACON & PETERSON, No. 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

An Antidote for Poisons.

We do not know where the following origin nated, or how much truth there is in it, but as the antidote is entirely harmless, and may prove useful in some cases, we give it i

place:
A plain farmer says: "It is now over twenty years since I learned that sweet oil would cure the bite of a rattlesnake, not knowing that it would cure any other kind of poison. Practice, observation and experience have taught me that it will cure poison of any kind, both on man and beast. I think no farmer should be without a bottle of it in his house. The patient must take a spoonful of it internally and bathe the wound spoonful of it internally and bathe the wound for a cure. To cure a horse requires eight times as much as it does a man. Here let me say of one of the most extreme cases of snake-bite Ia this neighborhood:—Eleven years ago this summer, where the case had been thirty days standing, and the patient had been given up by the physician, I heard of it, carried the oil, gave him one spoonful, which effected a cure. It is an antidote for arsenic and strychnine. It will cure bloat in cattle caused by eating too freely of fresh clover; it will cure sting of bees, spiders or clover; it will cure sting of bees, spiders or other insects; and will also cure persons who have been poisoned by a low running vine growing in the meadows, called ivy."

MRS. BEECHER STOWE'S RESIDENCE IN FLORIDA.—Mrs. Stowe's home, in Florida, is at Mandarin, on the St. John's river, about fifteen miles south of Jacksonville, and com-prises a good dwelling house and four hundred acres of land, with half a mile of river front, and a sweet orange grove of one hun-dred bearing trees, with an annual production of sixty thousand oranges, also numerous young trees. The annual crop of oranges is worth \$1,800, and the price paid for the place was \$10,000, or twenty-five dollars an acre.—East Florida Banner.

One of the religious papers out West is advertising as a great card, "a series of articles containing the marrow of Henry Ward Beecher's prayers!" This sounds rather irreverend to some of "the worlds"

out on a card three or four branches of his preached four times in New York Sunday subject, and walks about the room for a little while fitting them to their proper order, says: "There is one thing I always prepare, and that is the end of my speech. Before I get up to speak I always know how I am going to leave off, and that is half the art. Many a decent speaker has spoken well for a time, but cannot while speaking hit upon a few good sentences with which to be a failure, when compared with the yield upon a few good sentences with which to leaves an unfavorable impression.

leg, they ascend as if going up stairs. They usually stand erect on the horse before sitting down. The horses never kick or stir whilst this curious process is going on.

should vote. She's paid taxes on a dog for the last ten years, and now declares she won't stand it any longer—she'll either vote or kill the dog!

A Bachelor Rip Van Winkle, who Slept Forty-nine Years Hecause She Wouldn't Have Rim.

On a recent occasion were consigned to heir final resting-place, in the churchyand of Keighley, in England, the remains of one of the most eccentric individuals that ever lived. In fact, a parallel seems scarcely possible of a man voluntarily going to both and remaining there for a period of forty-nine Years! The subject of the following remarks, who went by the cognomen of "Old Threelaps," but whose real name was William Sharp, lived at a place called Worlds, not far from Braithwaite, in the parish of Keighley. He was the son of a small farmer, and from an early age never showed much inclination to steady work. For a while he followed the trade of a weaver, but more frequently neglected his loom to range the neighboring moors with his gun, often spending whole nights in the open air. When thirty years or age he took to his bed and the room, which he never left till carried thence on the day of his funeral. The cause of this extraordinary conduct, ewing to his great age and the very few of his own stand-ing who survive him retaining no more than slight recollection of the events of that pe-rical is difficult to according with any degreeriod, is difficult to ascertain with any degree ried, is difficult to ascertain with any degree of certainty. But the principal reason seems to be a matrimental disappointment. The wedding day was fixed. This singular character, then a young and doubtless ardent lover, accompanied by a friend, wended his way down to the parish church, and there patiently awaited the arrival of the bride elect. But the bride never came. The father of the daysed sternly and steadily refather of the damsel sternly and steadily re

father of the damsel sternly and steadily re-fused his consent.

This, combined, it may have been, with other grievances, longinary and real, preyed heavily on a mind certainly not endowed with more than average intellect, and bear-ing unmistakable traces of hereditary singu-larity; and the result was that the young man consigned himself to a small room, measuring about nine feet in every direction, with the determination of spending the rewith the determination of spending the re-mainder of his existence between the blankets, which resolution he kept most un fliechingly. The floor of his room was co vered with stone slags, certainly not too dry; in one corner was a fireplace, which only could be used when the wind blew from only could be used when the would be from one or two points of the compans; the win-dow was permanently fastened, and where some of the squares had been broken was carefully patched with wood. At the time of his death, this window had never been opened for thirty-eight years! The sole fur-niture comprised an antique clock, minus weight and pendulum, the hands and face of which were covered with a thick network of cobwebs, a small round table of dark oak, and a plain unvarnished four-post bedstead, entirely without hangings. In this dreary cell, whose only inlet for fresh air during thirty-eight years, was the door occasionally left open, did this strange being immure himself. He obstinately refused to speak to any one, and, if spoke to, never answered his attendants. In fact, all trace of intel-lectual development seemed to have become either dormant or extinct, and the only faculties which remained in active exercise were those which man holds in common with the animal.

Napoleon's Work Cabinet. It is a curious fact that Napoleon III. has preserved all the furniture used by him during his exile, and that the cabinet du-travail of the Emperor at the Tuilleries is a small room with a single window, containing a shabby book-case without glass doors, on the shelves of which may be seen the old books which Prince Napoleon carried about with him wherever he went. Between this Massachusetts, died suddenly last week.

The Right Persuasion.—In terrible agong forty men did not become so axious that the people should have more liberty as that they should be prepared for more, since no people properly prepared for freedom can be long enslaved.

The Right Persuasion.—In terrible agong in the hospital. A visitor asked him.—

"What church are you of?"

"Of the church of Christ," he replied.

"I mean of what persuasion are you?"

then inquired the visitor.

"Persuasion!" said the dying man, as his eyes looked heavenward, beaming with love to the Saviour: "I am persuaded that neither death in two days.

"The Bishop of Oxford has created a zensation, by permitting Sunday-school chilifer to play in the fields after service on the Sabhath.

"The Right Persuasion.—In terrible agony, by erder of Dr. Conneau, who strictly forbids smoking in any form. The second book-case is of mahegany, handsome, but very plain, ornamented with bransmouldings.

"I mean of what persuasion are you?"

then inquired the visitor.

"Persuasion!" said the dying man, as his eyes looked heavenward, beaming with love to the Saviour: "I am persuaded that neither death nor life, nor angels, nor principalities or powers, nor things present nor things present nor things to come, nor heighth nor depth, nor any other creature, shall be able to separate me from the love of God which is in Christ bours of work that his Ministers would utterly disdain. Their cabinets du travail, be formed and another book-case are some meerschaum pipes, the companion of the sand another book-case are some meerschaum pipes, the companion of the hospital. A fow valuable pictures and two ry plain, ornamented with bransmouldings. A few valuable pictures and two or three of the waits, The industry of the waits, The industry of the savelence, and another book-case are some meerschaum pipes, the companion. A few valuable pictures and two ry plain. A few valuable pictures and two ry plain, and in leading the proposite, the companion of the savelence of the wa

left Joseph Cloud, of East Nantmeal, says he raised a pumpkin via: 780 feet long, which here 348 lbs. of pumpkins, the largest of which weighed 60 lbs.

17 There are 8,003 Indians in Michigan, mixed bloods included. Division of sexes—3,823 males, 4,185 females. These Indians have orealized into 70 distinct beauty seech

have organized into 70 distinct bands, each with its chief, and inhabit 179 frame and 821 log houses. They have creeted over 2,000 homesteads. The value of their perpersonal property is placed at \$376,590, and they cultivate 10,772 acres of land.

upon a few good sentences with which to of former years. From most of the cane-stop, and at last makes a mess of it, and leaves an unfavorable impression."

It is a former years. From most of the cane-growing regions of the West the reports upon the condition of the crop are gloemy. Excepting a few favored le There's our grandmother, says a con-emporary, a striking instance why women have prevented the cases from maturing in

2 A gentleman residing near Hunts ago, a single-curled black walnut tree to a Boeton dealer for \$500. The free was not a very large one. The purchaser, after the tree had been felled, and its true value asertained, remarked that he would not take \$2,000 for it.

to use the best language, the advice is given to use the best language in common conversation at home, and they will some acquire the habit of using it on all occasions.

FITS: FITS: FITS:

Persons laboring under this distressing malady will find Hate a's lipileptic Pills to be the only remedy ever discovered for

CURING EPILEPSY OR FALLING FITS. Read the following remarkable cure:
PHILADELPHIA, June 24, 1988.

To Seth S. Hance, Baltimore, Md. DEAN Sing-Seeing your advertisement in the Saturday Evening Post, I was induced to try your Epileptic Pills. I was attacked with epilepsy in July, 1863. Immediately my family physician was summoned, but he could give me no relief from the medicines he prescribed. I then consulted another physician, but I seemed to grow worse. I then tried the treatment of another, but without any good effect. I again returned to my family physician, was cupped and bled at several different times. I was generally attacked without any premonitory symptoms. I had from two to five fits in a day, at about intervals of two weeks. I was often attached in my sleep and would full wherever I would be on whatever I would be excupted with, and was severely injured several times from the falls. I was affected so much that I lost all confidence in myself. I also was sifucted in my business, and I consider that your Epileptic Pills cured me. In February, 1865, I commenced to use your Pills. I only had two at-ticks afterward. The last one was on 5th of April, 1865, and they were of a less serious character. With the bleeding of Providence, your medicine was made the instrument by which I was cured of that distressing affliction. I think that the pills and their good effects should be made known everywhere, so that persons who are similarly afflicted may have the benefit of them. Any persons wishing any inter-mation, will obtain it by calling at my residence, 806 North Third Street, Philadelphia. Pa.

Sent to any part of the country by mail, free of postage. Address SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md. Price—one box, \$2; two, \$5; twelve, \$27. twelve, 957.

Dr. Radway's Pills (Coated) Are Infallible as a Purgative and Purifier of the Blood.

Bile in the Stomach can be suddenly eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the Liver is in a torpid state, when species of acrid matter from the blood or a serous fluid should be overcome, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They give no nopleasant or unexpected shock to any portion of the system; they purge easily, are mild in operation, and, when taken, are perfectly tasteless, being ele gantly coated with gum. They contain nothing but purely vegetable properties, and are considered by high authority the best and finest purgative known They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Nervous Diseases, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billousness, Billous Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs. Price, 25 cts. per box. Sold by Druggists. mar16-cow-tf

88.00 for 50 Cents. THREE NEW TRINGS,

The greatest living curiosity of the age. Agenta wanted. Circulars sent free. Samples for trial. Address M. L. BYRN, Box 4660 P. O. New York City. Office 82 Cedar street.

Housers is the best policy in medicine as well as in other things. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA is a genuine preparation of that unequaled spring medicine and blood purifier, decidedly superior to the poor initiations heretolore in the market. Trial nov2-ft NEURALGIA NERVE ACUE, and all other nervous

NEURALOIA, NEWE ACHE, and all other new complaints succumb to the powerful influence of a Tenancia The noutourness or Universal. Nurn ola Plat. The most obstinate cases are cured, a the system relieved by this valuable remedial age Apothecarles have this medicine.

hours of work that his Ministers would utterly disdain. Their cabinets du tracad, be
it remarked, are furnished with the utmost
magnificence.

137 Joseph Cloud, of Fast Nantmeal, says
be raised a remulcin via, 750 feet long, which

MABRIAGES.

Marriage notices must always be accompanied by a responsible name.

On the PRh of Oct., by the Rev. H. M. Bickel, EDWARD B. MEARS, Jr., to CLARA, eldest daughter of Agnet Rolling, Egg., both of this city. On the 7th of Oct., by the Rev. Andw. Manchip, M. GEORGE PROVAND to Miss RACHEL E. NEWGENT, personal property is placed at \$376,590, and they cultivate 10,772 zeros of land.

**Trigorian was a gypsy. Her father and mother belonged to a wandering company. She first appeared on the stage at iwo months old, in a basket of flowers. Seesays the Washington Express.

On the 7th of Oct., CHARLOTTE E. ALTERIS, in On the 78th of Oct., THOMAS ROBER, St., in his On the 28th of Oct., Mrs. CATHARINE LENNARD, On the 25th of Oct., Jon F. PERKINS, in his 25th your, On the 76th of Oct., Mrs. Ann Fennisone, in her fath year. On the 56th of Oct., John Allison, in his 29th On the Eth of Oct., Many, wife of Charles Collins, On the 27th of Oct., Jones G. Millen in his 76th On the good of Oct, LAPATETTE PALMER, in his

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

NEUTRAL IN POLITICS.

New and Splendid Premium Engraving.

GEMS OF NATIVE AND FOREIGN LITERATURE.

The proprieture of "tee endest and best of the weekline" offer unequalled inducements to those who mean the of making up cales, se wed as to those who remit, as single subscribers, the full subscription price

WASHINGTON AT MOUNT VERNON."

is Premium Engraving this year we shall give the above splendid portrait of Washingt is eagraved by the relied a tief. If Weight South (from the welebrated porture by Thomas Hicks, N. A. This is a full length with Mount Vertices in the makey count, and is their y-relies long by twenty one inches wide. No A measurement of "The Fature of his Country." This congraving (or one of "Edward in his Library," or one limit year a premium, "One of Life's Mappy Hours," if preferred well he is a self-premium part of the history of the his

THE DEATH SHADOW OF THE POPLARS.

By MRS. MARGARET HOSMER, author of "The Morrisons," &c.

TRYING THE WORLD.

By AMANDA M. DOUGLAS, author of "In Trust," &c.

ST. GEORGE AND THE DRAGON.

By ELIZABETH PRESCOTT, author of "How a Woman Had Her Way," &c.

Breides our original contributions, long and short, we also select in Stonies, Santonus, Easave, &c.

THE GEMS OF THE ENGLISH MAGAZINES;

Addalou give the News or the Wire. Addictional Articles. Porthy. Wit and Hunor, Rindles, Rr.

SPECIAL OFFER TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS. 50

New subscribers for 1868, will have their names entered on our list the very week their names are received. Thus new subscribers who send on their names by the first of November, will receive THE Post for November and December, in addition to the whole of 1868 -making Fourteen Months in all. Those who send by the first of December, will receive Thirteen Months. Tens of thou and should take advantage of this liberal offer.

NEUTRAL IN POLITICS.

The Post is exclusively devoted to Literature, and therefore does not discuss political or sectarian questions the a community and, where all can misst in harmony, without regard to their views upon the political or see

LIST OF PREMIUMS.

10	×	1 2	1	1 3	*0.08	r heri	A	5	100	1 .0	Weerer A. W. Lang Sewing Machine, worth a Propositor Pennal, gold mounted, worth
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											or half descen Suver Plated Forks, worth
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SPLENDID OFFER OF BOOKS. POSTAGE PREPAID BY US.

As some may be desirous of obtaining House patients of the share Promones, we make this additional effects of the west and a new Blocks on T. R. Freeson's lines. Lest of Publications desired in paper, or neighbours and the beautiful avenue leading from the parties at \$2.5 apove. \$1.50 worthed blocks for is subserptives at \$2.5 apove. \$2.50 worth of blocks, for in the subserptives at \$2.50 apove. \$2.50 worth of blocks, and in the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks, and in the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The parts of the season at \$2.50 worth of blocks, and in the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The parts of the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks are also paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The parts of the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks are also paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The parts of the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The parts of the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The parts of the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The parts of the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The parts of the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The parts of the paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The paper \$2.50 worth of blocks are also paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The paper \$2.50 worth of blocks are also paper \$2.50 worth of blocks. The paper \$2.5 The period of th

If The last may be make a for the Ford exchangely, or the Lady's Found exchangely, or the Lady's Found exchangely or the content of the ford exchangely of the Ford exchangely or the last or t Every hing offered in our list of Premiums is guaranteed to be an excellent article. The valuation is simply the mean-real price of the article in Philadelphia and New York. Its means of purchasing at the less sources, and at who easile prices, and giving advertising in return, we are only of the trees splended inducements. Our only offered is to increase our circulation—giving those who help using do thus, the benefit of the Fremums. The articles will be sent by express, or as or level. Northing will be charged for packing or boring. The Freight however, must be paid by the receiver of the Premium.

REMITTANCES:—In remitting name at the toy of your letter, you post office, county, and state. If postable procure a post office order on Philadelphia is a New York regardles convoider. If a deaf remote the had send United states acres. Do not send money by the List sens Companies, an less you pay their chalges.

TERMS.

to he pay r. An member of a club wishing the engraving must remit one dollar extra.

Sales ribers in British North America must remit remer contrains we have to prepay the U.S. postage.

The massagnes or papers in a club will be sent to different Post others if desired.

The contents of The Post and of The Lady a Friend will always be entirely different.

HENRY PETERSON & CO.,

No. 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

AMODION.

BY EMILY S. OAKEY.

"What would you say of a pilgrim com-missioned of God to travel up and down the earth singing a strange molody, which, when one heard, caused him to forget whatever sorrow he had?"—H. W. Heecher.

The morn was pearled sweet, The hill-tops caught the day; In noontide's burning heat Athirst the meadows lay; The sun set, and eve's star Rose in a violet akv: The heavenly light was far, And darkness brooded nigh Amodion went singing, singing through the

Swept on the golden days, Swept on the moon d nights; Green summer's leafy ways Outblazed with autumn lights; Came thunder-rolls, that rocked The everlasting hills; Came gilent frost, that locked Came silent frost, that locked The river and the rills.

Amodion went singing, singing through the

world, A song like balm, that crept Into the heart of Care; A fountain-song, that leapt With laughter through the air; Sad wayfarers, at eve. Leant, startled, through the dark, And they forgot to grieve, Forgot to fear, when, bark! Amodion went singing, singing through the

As drops from still blue skies Their inspiration sweet,
So fell those melodics
At every pilgrim's feet;
No weariest soul might be
Uncheered and desolate;
For toward the eternal sea,
And through the bearsan And through the heavenly gate, Amodion went singing, singing through the

world Germantonen, Pa.

A Race Extraordinary.

cited more than ordinary interest. It was between a fast trotting-horse in harness and a full-grown hog; single heat—distance, six English miles—for a wager of one thousand miles guilders.
The circumstances which led to this

The circumstances which led to this unique trial of speed were as follows: At a sporting club at the Hague a young member of the club expatiated upon the beauty, symmetry and extraordinary speed of a trotting-horse he had that day purchased, expressing an eager desire to get up a match to prove the superior qualities of his horse. A gentleman, engaged in a hand at eards, but whose attention had been attracted by the ardent and impassioned remarks of the speaker, quietly remarked: "Come, sir: don't be bragging so much about the swiftness of your horse, for I have a pig, which, for a trifling wager, I would not hesitate to run against your horse." Peals of laughter greeted this strange proposal, to which—when partially subsided—the owner of "Grunty," quietly interposed: "Well, gentlemen, I now challenge to run my hog, Nore, against that gentleman's fast trotter in harness, one straight heat, six English persons, and that fourteen days' time be allowed me for training my animal." "Agreed!" "Agreed!" resounded all round; for the joke was deemed too good and too novel to give it the go-by. Preliminaries being satisfactorily ar-

ranged, and the stakes deposited, it was agreed that the match should come off that day fortnight, at 11 o'clock A. M. precisely;

ish to any other kind of food.

On the third day Nero felt perfectly raveo'clock, he presented ministry of the booted foot, and a little loud and angry discussion between the respective parties, they arrived at their journey's end, where Nero was regaled with three herrings, being one extra, and which he despatched voraciously in double-quick time, looking for more, but in vain. He was the control of the car and breaking it to the time, looking for more, but in vain. He was the proposed and breaking it to the time, looking for more, but in vain. He was the proposed and breaking it to the time, looking for more, but in vain. He was the proposed and breaking it to the time, looking for more, but in vain. time, looking for more, but in vain. He was then, with much coaxing and kicking, persuaded to resume the return trip homeward, and which was safely accomplished, although not without considerable opposition, accompanied by vigorous squealing, and determined grunting on the part of

On the fourth day, punctually at cleven | till we are married. o'clock, when his master presented himself.

Nero seemed to understand somewhat the object of his calling; he walked off not only without compulsion, but with considerable cisterns or wells had answered with this alacrity, at a good round pace, to get to his journey's end, where his master regaled him not alone with his coveted dinner of three house on cold nighteand keep up a good fire."

herrings, but, as a reward for his tracta-bility and good conduct, with one herring extra, and which Nero devoured with invelocity as soon as they came within reach of his grinders.

reach of his grinders.

On the fifth day Nero was fully up to the game, and his master experienced considerable difficulty to keep up with him. At Scheveningen the usual allowance, now, of four herrings was placed at his disposal and disposed of by him in short metre.

On the following days, and up to the time of the race, his master had no further difficulty with Nero but to keep up with him; Nero invariably taking the lead; although on his return trips the same difficulties always recurred. A vigorous application of ways recurred. A vigorous application of boots was it such case the only convincing argument with Nero, who never could see the point nor comprehend the necessity of this back-track movement, and ever obstreperously squealed and grunted his objections, deeming this extra exercise probably super-fluous to his health, as he had never shown any signs of either dyspepsia or indigestion. But, be that as it may, Nero had to submit to strict discipline, his master intending to

thus train him up to fame and renown.

On the ninth day Nero had become perfectly trained, and having grown extremely thin upon his scanty meals, he ran like a race-horse, a veritable Eclipse, invariably dis-tancing his master, who followed with a fast trotting horse in harness. Both exercise and spare diet were, however, strictly adhered to up to the day preceding the one on which the race was to come off. On that, the thirteenth day, as on the first day, poor Nero was again starved. At the usual hour of eleven, his master appeared, but Nero was doomed to disappointment-no trot, no herrings on that day. With eager eye and impatient grunt he signified his desire to be

the stranger began to look cautiously around released from his pen, but alas, it was not so to be; he had to submit to a day of fasting and prayer—or at least, prepare for the race.

On the fourteenth day both horse and hog appeared at the starting-post eager for the race. It was a beautiful day, and the road was lined the entire distance, on both sides, with anxious and delighted spectators eager to see the sport. Punctually at eleven o'clock, at the tap of the drum, off they started, amid shouts and hurras of the multitude. The first two miles were closely contested—it was emphatically a neck and neck race; but Nero, light as a feather, (and havstarted, amid shouts and hurras of the multitude. The first two miles were closely contested—it was emphatically a nock and neck race; but Nero, light as a feather, (and having in his mind's eye, probably, his delectable meal.) now fairly flew over the course, gradually leaving the horse behind, keeping the lead the entire distance. Amidst shouts and hurras, the waving of handkerchiefs, and the wildest excitement, he reached the ending-post, beating the horse by half a mile and winning the race triumphantly.

and winning the race triumphantly.

For this extraordinary performance Nero was rewarded with a pailfull of herrings, was rewarded with a paliful of herrings, which, having feasted upon to his heart's content, he waddled back to the Hague, in the care of his master, "the admired of all admirers." His master, pocketing the purse of one thousand guilders, generously spent one hundred guilders in Nero's portrait, and which is now preserved at the approximation. which is now preserved at the sportsman's club at the Hague.

Advertising Adventures.

Feeling that a lack of profitable employment kept many of my young friends in the way of that celebrated Satanic personage who "always finds something for idle hands to do," I sent five dollars to some philosopher Nero, against that gentleman's fast trotter in harness, one straight heat, six English miles, for one thousand guilders a side," "Dene!" "Done!" was the eager response from many voices, "Provided," the challenger resumed, "that the horse carry two persons, and that fourteen days' time he serted between the title page and the blank leaves, and on the slip was written: "You can be either a type-setter, a proof-

"You can be either a type-setter, a proof-reader, or a foreman, by reading this book. It contains all the necessary information. You only require a little practice, which you can gain by hiring yourself out for a year or two to any respectable printer. E. E." This was nearly as good as the advice to a seeker after fortune who sent money to an advertiser in Hartford, Connecticut, and re-ceived the naives "to neadle circus, half

anxiously looked for, and the training of Nero | we unanimously resolved to invest one dolish to any other kind of food.

On the third day Nero felt perfectly ravenus, but he had to bide his time, and his master had to resort to the strictest hog-discipline to start him off, when, at eleven o'clock, he presented himself to drive him over the course. After a liberal and energetic application of the beoted foot, and a little loud and angry discussion between the respective parties, they arrived at their well have been taken from a drygoodsman's tear the thing up, but, remembering my promise to my friends, I forebore. I found afterward that we were all served alike. We have this consolation, however, that our wives are to be fashionably dressed; that is, if the present fashion miraculously continues

Checky enough, but no worse than the advice I paid a dollar for to an advertiser, who offered a remedy for frost-bitton feet and chapped hands, and which advice was embraced in three words, almost Shaksperean:

"Go to Cuba!"

"Go to Cuba!"
But both were excelled by the individual who in late war times offered for five dollars to show any one "a certain and infallible method of escaping the draft," and whose panacea was, "Commit suicide."
I need not say that, for the outlay of untold postage currency and postage stamps, I have received no advice whatever—the advertisers of important information having

vertisers of important information having wisely considered that it was a needless exwisely considered that it was a needless expense trying to enlighten me—and that often I have been invited to invest in lotteries and petroleum companies, and in the manufacturing of unhallowed articles militating against health and morals. Some of my house-hunting friends inform me that they have been victimized in small sums by advertisers who have offered information of leases for sale, and by pretended real estate agents who have demanded a bonus in advance.

The following curious adventure will serve

The following curious adventure will serve as a caution, and will also do to wind up with

A friend of mine in some freak of idleness answered an advertisement which required the small sum of three dollars for informathe small sum of three dollars for informa-tion by which any one could easily acquire a fortune. My friend is a simple-looking youth, and a very good living illustration of the deceptiveness of appearances. Shortly after he had written the letter to the be-stower of fortunes, he was waited on at his lodgings by a neatly-dressed young man, who produced my friend's note, and asked if he had written it. Affirmatively answered, the stranger began to look cantiously around the stranger began to look cautiously around

the fellow out?

To gain time for reflection, some questions were asked. Suddenly there were footsteps in the hall, and a slovenly-dressed man rushed into the room, closed the door, and with a sardonic smile, seized the trembling with a sardone sinic, seized the treining vender of counterfeit currency by the coat collar, and in a tragical whisper hissed: "Caught at last—you're wanted!" and then to my friend, "I arrest you as an accomplice! I would give a hundred dellars if I were in your place, to get out of this affair!" My friend was astonished. In a moment, how-ever, he regained his self-possession. Making a bound for the window, he opened it and shouted "Police!" The strangers, on hearshouted "Police!" The strangers, on hearing the talismanic word, made a rush for the
door and the street. The rascals went, but
no police came. The "queer" was left behind, and proved to be mighty queer "queer."
It was so like the genuine that a broker declared it to be, and took it for, good money,
and my friend made some fifty dollars by the operation. Still, that kind of accident does not happen often enough to make the answering of swindling advertisements profit-

"GOING ALONE."

With curls in the sunny air toesing, With light in the merry blue eyes, With laughter so clearly outringing, A laugh of delight and surprise; All friendly assistance disdaining,
And trusting no strength but its own,
The past fears and trials forgotten, The baby is "going alone!

What woful mishaps have preceded This day of rejoicing and pride!
How often the help that he needed
Has carelessly gone from his side!
He has fallen while reaching for sunbeams, Which just as he grasped them have flown, And the tears of vexation have followed, But now he is "going alone,

And all through his life he will study This lesson again and again; He will carelessly lean upon shadows, He will fall and weep over the pain.

The faltering footsteps will guide, Through all the dark mazes of earth-life, And "over the river's" deep tide. And "over the river's" deep tide.
Oh! here is a Helper unfailing.
A strength we can perfectly trust,
When, all human aid unavailing.
"The dust shall return unto dust."

A WITNESS in a late divorce suit kept say A WITNESS in a late divorce suit kept saying that the wife had a very retaliating disposition—that she "retaliated for every little thing." "Did you ever see her hasband kiss her?" asked the wife's counsel. "Yes, sir, often." "Well, what did she do on such occasions?" "She always retaliated, sir." (Great laughter, and wife triumphant).

umphant.)

If In the index to a book of commen-taries on law, is the following: "Judge S.—his great mind." Turning to the page indicated, was the following: "The Judge said he had a great mind to commit the prisoner."

to an anxious inquirer the advertiser of a re-ceipt for the prevention of the freezing of cisterns or wells had answered with this twenty-five cents' worth of advice:

"Take your cistern and well into the
"Take your cistern and well into the beautiful.

THE ARTIST'S DREAM OF DEATH.

[These lines were suggested by a sketch by J. E. Millais, R.A., representing Death shooting fiery arrows by night into a walled town. Compare Homer, Iliad A. 50—53.]

I.

How did it come to his mind? the fleshless and horrible dream— Gruesome, cruel, and weird—making the murk more grim; Standing stark-naked in bone, which the

star-light sets a-gleam,— Shooting his shot at the town, the little town silent and dim!

Said we not each to the other, "Death is an Angel of Light!" While our tears as they rolled gave the lie to our lips?

Here's one paints us the Thing, awful, authentic, aright— Tells the truth straight out, from its skull to its spiked toe-tips.

III.

So, if you opened the page, an idle moment to soothe, Madam or sir—as may be—best close the number for good; This is no matter to flatter flesh and blood

in their youth: Here's an Artist in earnest—Death's picture on worm-eaten wood.

IV.

But, if you ask what he means, yonder the little town lies Under the curtains of midnight, spangled

with planet and star, All looking down so calm! so splendid! as if Of infinite Angels were watching our one little world from afar.

And I hear on the rampart-stones the heel of the sentinel ring, And I see him halt and count the chimes of the midnight-bell.

And he listens towards us here: "But 'tis only the cicadas sing;"
So he shoulders his spear again, and passes the word, "All's well

VI

And away within the walls I know there is pleasure and pain;
Ab me! the sorrows and joys wherewith one town is fraught!

one town is fraught!

There's crimson flame on the altars where
the people pray in vain,

And a llare from the pharos-lantern to
bring the galleys to port.

VII.

And I seem to see, in the gleam which hangs all over the town, The cresset-lights of a banquet, and merry

torch-bearers who go—
jolly feet false with the wine—in
laughter up and down With rose-crowns awry on their heads-and pipes that cheerily blow.

VIII.

Oh, and I know that beneath the beautiful roof of the night Bridal couches are spread, and lovers at last are one.
Who say, "If God should will that it never

more should be light,
Then stay on the other side, and wait till
we wish for thee, Sun!"

IX.

Laughter, and music, and banquets, and roses, and revelry,
And hymns in the temple to please the
Gods of heaven and hell,
And the galleys with spices and wine ploughing bravely in from the sea,
And still that sentinel looks from the wall
and cries, "All's well!"

Doth he not see with his eyes the spectre we

see so plain, Who blisters the growing grass with the nes of his cla And makes the still air stink with the fester of live things slain,
And turns to corpse-light on his skull the

star-light, holy and sweet?

XI.

Cannot he hear the voice-still-small-that comes with this Thing?

Drives it, striding along; halts it, elbows

and knees, Says to the skeleton-bowman, "Now fit the shaft to the string,
Shoot me thy shot at the town; for the hour is come to these!"

Cursed Bowman, who shoots with an arrow dipped in the pest! Father, whose will is good, though Thou willest we die! Holy Father, who

It is changed in the little town, from joy at its gayest and best, To cramps that curdle the heart, and tortures that glaze the eye:

XIII.

The sentinel, careless of all, stalks quiet upon the wall; But the pilot has yielded the helm of his galley with a scream.

galley with a scream.

At the banquet the guests drop dead—the worshippers, priests, and all,

Choke in chaunting "Amen;"—and that sweet bridal dream,

Which the lovers dreamed together-but half-asleep—while their lips
Still kissed, for fear a minute from love's
long rapture be took—

Is ended in this, that one from the arms of the other slips,
And that other—chilled by the corpse

turns corpse herself, at a look. XV.

Ah, my Lord, my God! who sendest the Pes-

to love to live,
Teach us another lesson—to render it back

in faith. When the messenger comes like this, with a ghastly errand to give:

XVI

Ah, my Lord, my God! our souls are the little town:
the twanging of that black bow, the
laughter and love seem still;
help our souls to hear, through the
darkness that settles down,

The sentinel on the wall, erging always to all, "All's well!" EDWIN ARNOLD.

The Hen that Had a Vocation.

BY MRS. E. M. COGGESHALL.

"Such a hen, father! she won't stay set I squatted her down as hard as I could and put a raisin box over her, with a broken piece out of the bottom, and she just stretched up till she got her head out and crowed ever

so loud."
"No wonder; crowing hens are not likely
to want to set," laughed the father, as he
passed his cup for more coffee.
"Yes, father," said the eldest sister, who
had her mother's place at the head of the
table, "she really does want to set, and Nelly put her on fifteen eggs and she set two weeks, and then came off and let them get weeks, and then came on and let then get cold, and found another nest, and we put some more eggs under her, and she stayed three days and then left them; and now—" "We've tried her again," chimed in little Nell, "and she just sets standing all the

"Such an independent hen as that might as well be left alone, I judge," answered Mr. Sherwood, laughing heartily again as he rose from the breakfast-table and went into rose from the breaktast-table and went into his wife's room to amuse her with the trials of her little housekeepers, for Mrs. Sherwood had sprained her ankle severely, and while it was necessary for her to keep on the bed Sue and Nell had undertaken the oversight of household affairs, which, with strong-armed, willing Sally at the oars and mother virtually at the helm, went on almost as smoothly as ever, with the exception of this one refractory her

one refractory hen.

But it is not at all fair to hear only one

But it is not at all fair to hear only one side of a story; let us find out what the hen herself thought of the matter.

"There!" said she, one day, "that old Mrs. Poland is everlastingly nodding her black cap at me and saying I ought to settle down and raise a family instead of gadding about all the time like a spring chicken. Al-ways the way with old folks—forget they were young once—a body can't be fairly out of the shell before they want them to be grandmothers; and she's ruled the barnyard so long she thinks every hen in it's got to mind her. For my part, I'd like her to know have telepted for competitive better, and I have telepted for competitive better, and I I have talents for something better, and I only wish that black cook would just catch her up and boil her;" and Miss Biddy brought her foot down with such angry emphasis that she nearly cut one of her toos
off on a bit of broken glass. In a few days
her foot swelled and hurt her so she could
hardly walk, and seeing a nice, fresh-looking tuft of high grass behind the grapevine,
she crept in and settled down for a comfort-

able rest. "Ah," said two hens as they came by "Ah," said two hens as they came by,
"here's Biddy Blue wants to set;" and so
they each gave her an egg. Then little Nell,
making the discovery too, presented her
with thirteen more; also putting both food
and water within her reach, Biddy Blue concluded she might as well set, soeing she was
an invalid, and couldn't do anything else. For a few days it was very pleasant; her cut toe was healing, and all the barnyard family called to congratulate her; while Mrs. Poland paid her several visits daily, enlivening the time with stories of the different broods she had raised, and thrilling adventures connected with them. During the next few days it began to grow tire-some; the neighborly interest had ceased; Mrs. Poland had some other young friend to patronize, and Biddy Blue began to think it wasn't quite the thing to stay in one place

three weeks.
"Dear me! if those currents ain't beginand not a soul to bring me any, and my throat so dry I couldn't cackle much less fifteen. What a fool I am to set here wasting my time in such drudgery, and that beautiful fruit waiting to be picked glancing furtively about, she ran through the high grass and commenced a vigorous attack upon the current bushes. She eat so many that she soon felt the need of a nap, and when she woke up the hens had gone to roost and it was raining; so she flew up into a cherry tree that stood by and went to sleep again. The first thing she heard to sleep again. next morning was little Nell's exclamations

this wicked hen! eggs wet and just —fifteen, all spoiled!" as cold ! 'And if here isn't the very hen herself," said Sue, as Biddy Blue, trying to escape Nell's observation, flew down from the oposite side of the tree, almost into Susan' ace. "I know her by her swelled foo and her color. Now, ma'am, we'll watch

you."
So Biddy Blue ran for another nest she had seen under the shed, and sat on it, look ing so penitent that the little girl tried her again, and this time she really meant to stay, but the third day there was the greatest commotion among the hens! Silver Top had an increase of family, and they had flat feet and broad beaks, and made no more of swimming about the meadow-pond than a fish: and there was such a stir, such a wondering and "I-nevering" among the rela-tions that Biddy Blue had to go and see what

was the matter, and never thought of her own duty till next day. "Third time never fails," said little Nell, as she put the raisin box over Biddy, and then finding that she persisted in "setting standing," put a stone on the box to keep her down. Which it did so effectually that her down. Which it did so effectually that in three weeks Biddy Blue was the mother of a lovely family; and although she was so cramped by her compelled setting that at first she couldn't walk, Nelly told her it was good enough for her, and all the barnyard agreed with the little girl. "Dat ar hen better a heap te done shut

Giver of life, who hast given the instinct up, Miss Susan," said Sally; "she'll be fur

up, Miss Susan," said Sally; "she is believin' dem ar chicks."

"Oh, no, I quess not; see how nicely she picks for them; and she's so proud!"

Yes; at first Biddy Blue was proud, but finding she had not accomplished any more than half a dozen other heus, the old, restless idea that her talents needed larger scope came back and she grew discontented again.

"Dear me!" said she, impaticully, as the lively brood pushed here and there under lively brood pushed here and there under

"Dear me!" said sne, and there under lively brood pushed here and there under her, making her look, as Nell said, with their crowd of little feet, "like the banyan tree reography." "Dear me! picture in her geography," "Dear me! can't you ever get quiet? You make me so nervous I feel as if I should fly. 'Twas bad can t you ever get quiet? I'ven hake me so nervous I feel as if I should fly. 'I'was had enough to be plagued with you when you were smooth eggs to roll about on, but now, with your fidgeting, I feel as if I were a centipede. I know one thing; I heard Mrs. Sherwood talking about people's finding out their peculiar talent, and I know this can't be my vocation. The idea of a hen that's been born and bred in a respectable family and understands the English language as I do, just wasting her talents picking up crumbs for a parcel of cheeping chicks. Why, there's that old gray goose; I can use so many long words she can't understand hali I say. This monotonous life may do for her, but I was made for something better. It's what Miss Sue calls ridiculy supremous—no! that wasn't it—ah! I have it supremely ridiculous—for me to be grovelling here. y ridiculous—for me to be grovelling here, have a vocation and I'll find it," and with a strong-minded attempt at a crow she flew upon the fence and left the little ones to

themselves. themselves.

Night came down on the orphan brood, but
the children were away and there was no one
to notice their disconsolate crying; but next
morning little Nell found them huddled
under a bush, two deed, three or four dying,
and the remainder doing their small best to
comfort each other.

comfort each other.
"That hateful old blue thing!" she sobbed: "I have the was cooked, so I could bite her.
You poor, little, blessed things!" and picking up all that were not past caring for, she
took them into the kitchen to seek Sally's dvice as to their management,
"Dat ar blue hen mighty like some

I know," said Sally, as she fed the little things and then tucked them up in a basket filled with wool; "she can't just tend her own work; she's all the time huntin' fur odderworks."

odder people's."

Sure enough, at that very minute Biddy
Blue was in the garden picking off some late
strawberries that Mr. Sherwood had taken strawberries that Mr. Sherwood had taken great pains with, being a new variety of his own raising. "I heard master say he wanted to make a fresh bed just as soon as the strawberries were done with, and these ought to have been off long ago; so it's likely he'll be glad to have them picked. How pleasant to be making one's self useful when one has talents to do it!" Just then a pitchfork came down on Biddy's back with a force that showed whoever stood at the handle end showed whoever stood at the handle end had very little respect for talented hens, and following up his blow with a chase. Tom ran the thief, screeching and fluttering, frightened out of her wits, up to the house and into the open cellarway.

"Here's yer old stray-bout, Miss Nelly; "done cotch her eatin' them berries massa wouldn't a had tech'd fur a dollar."

"Oh, Miss Hateful! you shan't have your chickens now," said Susan, looking into the cellar. "You haven't got sense enough to take care of them." showed whoever stood at the handle end

cellar. "You haven't got sense enough to take care of them."

This somewhat mortified Biddy Blue, be-

cause she had learned so many big words from Susan that she had rather a respect for her; but she comforted herself with the thought that the efforts of genius were too often misunderstood, and when left to herself, flew out of the cellar more determined

self, flew out of the cellar more determined than ever to find her vocation.

"There's our next-door neighbor. I heard him telling master the other day that he wouldn't allow any birds shot on his premises, they were so useful in picking off insects, even if he did lose a little fruit. Now that's a man that can appreciate one; and how envisors the hardwarders would be and how envious the barnyarders would be and now envious the barnyatuers would be if I could, by my genius, get into bird society; so elevating and aristocratic! I must try it and not rust here in obscurity."

A week after Mr. Linton came into Mr.

A week after Mr. Linton came into Mr. Sherwood's garden one morning, holding a hen by the legs, her head hanging down and her wings flopping about in a very ignomini-

"The boys say this hen belongs to you, so did not like to kill her, but she's been raising Ned' over at our house. She's eratched up a lot of choice flower seeds I had planted in pots; she's cat off the Law-tons as fast as they begin to turn, and this morning she pounced on a bug on the Cape Jessamine I was raising for Nelly, and broke

it off close to the roots "There, father, it's that old, blue hen. She won't lay, nor set, nor keep her chickens.

She's the biggest plague!"
"She's jist got talen for mischlef and nothin'
else, dat's what's the matter," said Sally. "Such a talented hen better go into the t," said Mr. Sherwood, and taking up a pot," said Mr. Sherwood, and takin hatchet, he beheaded her on the spot. And so Biddy Blue found her vocation. The Children's Hour.

...

If there were no such thing as pride-If there were no such thing as lies -I might be sitting at thy side, Smiling on thee with happy eyes,

If there were no such thing as change-If there were no such thing as time-And all that doth the heart estrang By shifting scenes of place and clime;

I might be reigning o'er thy heart. No monarch safer on his throne, Empress of every throbbing part, My kingdom utterly my own

Alas! so many "ifs" between Have exiled me from royalty, And now I am no more a queen; Another claims thy fealty. Yet darkened days I can beguile,

Recalling time but barely flown, When thou didst sue me for a smile On bended knee before my throne. Then court her favors while they last, Her smile, her gifts, her glances woo; She cannot rob me of the past-

Ah! I have reigned and triumphed too.

MARRIED WELL.

(CONCLUDED,)

CHAPTER XVI.

Whom does Time halt withal? With the weary and heavy-laden; with the sorrowful and suffering; with the satists and purposeless; with the sick of hope deferred; with the debtor besieged of duns; with the creditor baffled of his due; with the suitor in search of justice; with the presence to whom death were a boon; with the parents of erring children; with the wives of sottish men. All such count drearily the leaden moments; all such, in the morning, think, "Would God it were even;" and at even, think, "Would God it were even;" and at even, if your gait must needs be halting, hobble away, old Time, as quickly as you may through years of mourning for the traitor-ously slain—through years of fear not vainly felt, and of doubts, alas! too surely realized—through years of dobt, disgrace, and shame—through years of dobt, disgrace, and shame—through in a certain September when Fortress and I sat chatting together and smoking our pipes as the sun went down. It was a little A PITIFUL STORY. evening in a certain September when Fortress and I rat chatting together and smoking our pipes as the sun went down. It was a little more than ten years since he had left England; and he had returned from India a man of some note. He was a Major and a V. C.; he had been through the mutiny, and his experiences had left their mark upon him in a decrease of the fiercy sleam of his gray-blue crease of the fiercy sleam of his gray-blue crease of the fierce gleam of his gray-blue eye, in the lines upon his face, in the streaks of white amongst his darkened hair, and in his hollow, sun-burned cheeks; his manly air had grown still manlier; his shoulders were broader; his carriage was, if possible, more upright; his step was heavier and firmer; and his voice, though mellow as ever, was deeper and more melancholy. It passed through my thoughts, as I looked at him, that a woman who had liked him before his that a woman whe had liked him before his departure, could be easily induced to love him now. His sentiments were frank and generous as ever; and so far as his nature was concerned, it was clear that it did not give the lie to his motto, Semper idem. In one respect, however, he showed a change, not of nature, I verily believe, but merely of practice. Whenever we touched, which was certainly not often, upon religious points, he omitted all the skepticism and the sneers for which he had been notorious, and even—amongst parson-loving ladies especially—in-

which he had been notorious, and even—amongst parson-loving ladies especially—infamous, and spoke in such a manner as to prove that his former attitude did not arise from the motive to which it had been generally attributed, but merely from impatience of dogmatism and hypocrisy. After discoursing much about old times, I asked him suddenly: "Do you remember Ellen Finch?—the little goldfinch, as some fellows used to call her, on the principle. I suppose on

—the little goldrinen, as some fellows used to call her, on the principle, I suppose, on which lucus is said to be derived, for she was not much troubled with gold."

Fortross started, and looked keenly at me, and then answered care-lessly: "O yes, quite well. Let's see, she married well, didn't she?"

she?"
"Denced well," said I bitterly.
Fortress now assumed an air of the greatest interest, put down his pipe, laid his arms on the table, and shooting across at me from wide-opened eyes a whole battery of surprise, exclaimed: "Why, I had the paper sent me with the announcement of the marriage in it; and one of my sisters wrote me a large letter about it, and said that the 'lovely." long letter about it, and said that the 'lovel Miss Finch had found another profitable lunatic in the Ewart family' (and I thought the expression scarcely warrantable), and had married him, and that she was considered to have married exceedingly well, as her husband was likely in a very short time to have a living of six hundred a year. Of course the man was the George Ewart who was at our college (in fact, the paper left no doubt about that). I hadn't much opinion of the man Leefers which have a likely and the

doubt about that). I hadn't much opinion of the man, I confess, but I supposed he would be all right when he was married. Didn't he get the living?"

"O yes, within a year of his marriage?"

"He always was a lucky brute in matters of speculation," growled Fortress. "What was it, then?" he added with some hesitation; "she—she—she liked him, didn't she?"

"She liked all persons," said I, "and she was said to go beyond liking with him."

"You don't mean to say he got tired of

ou, so "You don't mean to say he got tired or been her?" rejoined Fortress, as if he were pro pounding a man who could doubt truth to be a liar.

"No, not exactly," said I; "but don't you recollect my writing out to you and describing the way in which Ewart was preparing for ordination ! it was just like the fellow," an

"Yes; it was swered Fortress. "Well, soon after he entered upon his living, finding himself with more income than he had possessed as a curate, havin little or no parish-work to do, and his wife being much occupied with her first baby, and therefore unable to accompany him everywhere, as she had been in the babit of doing, he took to running up to town, at first now and then, and In fact, it was not long before he was to be met nearly every week at the club, and after a while he was there nearly every day. It leaked out in course of time that

the acquaintance with Mr. Whiskeybettle had been renewed..." "Good God!" broke in Fortress, as if he had been for once in his life really slarmed.

"And you know," I continued, "what that was likely to end in. But you would hardly

guess what Churton told me ""Churton was a good fellow," said Fortress; "what did he tell you?"
"You know Ewart selieved in Churton, and would stand more from Churton than from anybody else Well, after Ewart had from anybody else Well, after Ewart had been married about seven years, Churton was staying at the rectory. He had been there over and over again, and Mrs. Ewart regarded him not only as her husband's best friend, but almost as her own brother; in-deed, the children call him Uncle Churton. Many a time he had noticed during his visits that Mrs. Ewart had turned quite pale when her husband had said it was time for her to go to bed, and that he and Churton would 'tumbler' before est have a pipe and a 'tumbler' before ney went too. She would look appealingly at Churton and her lips would move as if she wished to say something, but that some-thing for a long while came to nothing more

than a sigh-accompanied 'good-night.' Still, Churton is by no means dull; and he therefore took care to confine himself to one tum-bler, to ask for his candle immediately after-wards, and to suggest to Ewart the propriety of turning in. It is difficult for the oldest friend to do more with his host, expecially when your host answers your suggestion by saying: 'All right, old friend; I'll just smoke when your host answers your suggestion by saying: 'All right, old friend; I'll just smoke half a pipe, see that the house is safe, and follow your example.' Generally, Ewart was as good as his word; but upon more than one occasion, Churton hal reason to believe that the half-pipe had been considerably exceeded, at the insimustions of Mr. Whiskey bottle: he would, long after he had been in bed, hear Ewart soliloquising has loud vulce, laughing to himself, replying angrily to Mrs. Ewart's gentle remonstrance that he would wake the children, and that it was getting very late, and at last coming unsteadily upstairs with a rattle and clatter which afforded a fair presumption that the moderator lamp was being used as a bedroom candle, and that the choice of accidents lay between smashing the globe and setting the house on fire. But such was Ewart's tact or luck, that no accident happened, and such was his wonderful constitution, that, though he might be a little late, he looked in the morning as fresh, and bright, and debonative as ever. Mrs. Ewart, however, looked like the ghoet of herself; and when Churton one morning, as they ant waiting for Ewart, told her so, she burst into tears, and said: 'Oh, Mr. Churton, pray do what you can for him. You do not know what a house this is when you are not here; you wouldn't believe me if I were to tell you all. He is so much better when you are here—how I wish you could be here oftener! and then, the strange part is that he seems to have forgotten all about it the next morning; and I am sure could be here oftener! and then, the strange part is that he seems to have forgotten all about it the next morning; and I am sure nobody in the parish (except the doctor and he knows,) dreams of such a thing; for it's always at night—it's that horrible sitting alone at night. Pray, pray do what you can for him.

"He did, I'll be bound," broke in Fortress
"he did all a man could, I'm sure. If I
thought he didn't—"
"He did, he did," said I, interrupting; "and now to continue and end. Churton had got an additional hold, because Ewart had confided to him—what had been systematically concealed from Mrs. Ewart—that the frequent visits to town, the dinners at the frequent visits to town, the dinners at the club, and their sequences, if not conse-quences, had created a load of debt the amount of which was alarming, of which Mrs. Ewart knew scarcely more than that her husband's income vanished mysteriously, and from which he was at his wits' end to extricate himself; for Mr. Whiskeybottle had and from which he was at his wits and to extricate himself; for Mr. Whiskeybottle had done part of his work, and undermined some of Ewart's strongest points. Churton availed himself of all his influence, and flattered himself for some time—not without some reason—that he had done no little good. However, the last time Churton stayed at the rectory, he had ratired one night to bed, and being unusually tired, had soon fallen asleep. At what hour he does not know, but whilst it was yet dark, he was awakened by a touch; he started up, and there stood by him a figure, which, under certain circumstances, would have excited his admiration as well as his astonishment. It was Mrs. Ewart, as she had risen from sleep, with a bedroom candle in her hand. She had never, Churton said, looked so lovely, but there Churton said, looked so lovely, but there was a horror upon her face which held him spell-bound, and under one of her eyes was

a livid mark e blackguard had never struck her?" broke in Fortress, doubling his fist, but speaking in the tone of one pleading to be spared. "You don't mean that he had struck

"Accidentally, if at all, Churton believes, "Accidentally, if at all, Churton believes, and so do I; but, of course, Churton was obliged to be very delicate in his question-ing, and she professed not to be aware that she had received any kind of blow in any way. However, she stood, as I have described, by Churton's bedside, and said, in a voice which, Churton save, has haunted him voice which, Churton says, has haunted him since: 'Pray, pray come to George.' Then she went out; and Churton, as you may suppose was not many seconds behind her. He found Ewart talking to himself about burglars, hitting out in all directions, and with one leg already over the sill of an open window, the drop from which should have killed a man. Churton is a powerful fellow, as you know, but he did not attempt force: simply put his arm round Ewart's. spoke cheerfully to him; and Ewact, at the sound of the old, familiar, influential voice, suffered himself to be led to his bedside. Then, a fit again seized him, and it was all that Churton and Mrs. Ewart could do to hold him, and coax him to remain where he

I paused.

"Well," asked fortress, drawing a deep breath, "and did he get over it;"

"Yes."

"And how is he now?"

"Dead."
Fortres started up from his seat; then, sitting down again, he asked:
"How long has be been dead?"

"About six months."
"And how did he leave Mrs. Ewart provided for ?

sardonically, "which was settled entirely upon herself." "I thought she had nothing," said Fortress

with surprise "O yes; she had twenty pounds a year," said I, "at least so it was reported; and even that must have been a help, for all the

laughing over the settlement."

Fortress scowled at me as if he were going to hold me accountable for either the small but a sad smile suddenly took the place of the sown as he asked: "How many children

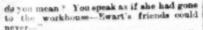
'Three: one boy about ten, another about six, and a little girl about four."
"And how in the world does she manage to bring them up?"

"Ewart's relatives take the two boys, and the little girl is allowed to be with her."
"Allowed, indeed! and who, pray, is so kind as to allow a mother to keep her child?

I don't see the great charity of taking care of the two boys, if they are torn away from their mother She would not be allowed to have them

where she has gone."
"Confound it all! my good fellow, what

Spires.



"For God's sake, old fellow," broke in Fortress, jumping up and walking about the room, "don't speak riddles. Where has she

"She has gone to teach music and I don't know what else, at a boarding school, where, as a great favor, she is allowed to have her little girl with her.

And how long has she been there?"

"Nearly three years."
"Why!" exclaimed Fortress in blank astenishment, "you told me Ewart had been

"That is so: but you haven't heard the werst part of the story even now."
"Then," said Fortress, sitting down dog-gedly, "out with it at once, please, short and store." and strong."
After that night when Churton was

there, they never lived together again." (A grunt of assent from Fortress.) "Ewart was ill a long while; his creditors grew unmanageable, and, when he recovered, his living was requestrated. He hadn't a brass living was requestrated. His relatives subscribed enough to put him with a man who advertises his wishes to 'meet with a few gentlemen of courably intemperate habits' to keep in order, took the two boys, and refused to do any more. Mrs. Ewart was thankful to take situation which old Dr. Snell got for her, and has been there ever since."
"Do you know her address?"

Yes; I have called upon her with Chur-

With the greatest pleasure in the world. And I wrote it down and gave it to him Fortiers took it with many thanks, wished

CHAPTER XVII

MILE EWART AT HOME Not many weeks after this Churton and I, to our common astonishment, received an invitation to go and drink tea with Mrs. Ewart. Her letters were dated, not from the school, but from a certain cottage in the neighborhood of Norwood. Of course we pared notes and put our heads together, would make little or nothing by that. Perhaps she had suddenly come into money ; perhaps she had married one of the masters at the school (but then she would not have signed her letters Ellen Ewart); erhaps she had discovered a relation of he father or mother; perhaps Ewart's friends had received supernatural warning (nothing less would have moved them) to behave handsomely, and had (with much grumbling, of course) obeyed. It was all "perhaps." Fortress we had both seen several times in

The letter ran as follows:

Ewart had more generous friends than you are probably aware of . The consequence is

Mrs. Ewart's heart had been beating fast on to say, interregatively.

Mrs. Ewart's heart had been beating fast on to say, interregatively.

Mrs. Ewart's heart had been beating fast on to say, interregatively.

"From Sintgard," I retorted.

"From Sintgard," I retorted.

"From Sintgard," I retorted.

"Have they the cholera there" he in shank, which, boots made on the common plan baye to herself. "I will not show him the letter, for, after all, the guilty man was my bustand; shank with friends were afraid that with a miss were known some umpleasant their names were known some umpleasant the some continued in the same cool and quiet tone.

"Not a case," rejoined I.

"Well, I'll wait until it gets there," was fully obviated in the "Flexura" boot.

His "Flexura" boot supports the ankle when we have made to heave, at Moscow, at St. Petersburg, at their subject of the beneation of the beneati

indifference. At

CHAPTER XVIII,

IN MY LADY'S CHAMBER.

Of course it will seem strange that I should know what Mrs. Ewart did that night in her bedroom, especially when Churton and I were smoking a pipe together at my abode, when she was going to bed. Nevertheless, in defiance of the strange and marvellous, as her (in my mind's eye, you know) ex-amine herself more attentively than she had done for some years past in the glass, and then take out of her dressing-case, and read with a sigh, the following scrawl on a dirty piece of paper:

DERE LADY—Xeuse me takin a libbaty; but I'm a dyin, and speek Gawd's trooth. The villin you marryd were my ruing; my child's ded, but he were the farther, and he overpusswaydid me to put it on to another, which never did nothink only kind and sivile by me, leastways no more than kiss me lightarted like—he woodn't ave urted a wumpraps you no im by the name of Fortriss. So Mr. F. were sent away from Collidge, and Mr. E. (that's youre usban), he were seen walkin with me after, and he were pakd hof a little wiles to, but were artile enuf to kep it unbenone to is frens. I coodn't dye easy xeep I let you no ow it were, fur I'm sawry for Mr. F., and I ate Mr. E., oo as treeted me shamelle, and I can't tuch im ony throo Mr. E. allus give me is adress at is clubb, but I fund out is adress in the contry jest befor I were tuk ill, and I maid up my Marrybun Workus. Ross Wi ROSE WHITE.

Mrs. Ewart had received this letter during her husband's illness which preceded their separation; she had never shown it or menseparation; she had never shown it or men-tioned it to Ewart, but it had not diminished the loathing she felt for him, and had in-creased her admiration and pity for Fortress. And now, as she returned the scrawl to its receptacle, she sighed. "Poor fellow!" and as she wood slow-coming sleep, she softly muttered: "Semper idem;" for though she had felt bound at her marriage to destroy Fortress's note, his motto was easily re-membered

CHAPTER XIX

GOOD-BYE FOR EVER Churton took Fortress to pay the talked-of visit, for Fortress felt that the "good-bye for ever" had somehow been cancelled. Mrs. Ewart received him with much composure Fortress we had both seen several times in the interval, but the only allusion he ever character to the subject of Mps. Ewart, was to say more than once: "I haven't called; I coubln't make up my mind to call." It to called; I coubln't make up my mind to call." It to called; I coubln't make up my mind to call." It to call the coupling about the matter; so we went to our teadrinking bewildered and expectant. We found Mrs. Ewart in a state of high delight called the had her three children with her, the close to be very slow of understanding that she was to be regarded rather as the busy matron than as the lonely widow. He remained but a short time, and departed with permission to repeat his call. Of the permission to repeat his call, but prefits hittle cottage, and she welcomed us many the premission to repeat his call. Of the permission to repeat his call, advantage of the children, who regarded Major Fortress as the king of men, the fountain of wealth, and a lineal descendant of "There are good people in the world besides you and me," said she laughing, "as soon may perceive from that letter; it is from the band's solicitor."

"There are good people in the world besides you and me," said she laughing, "as soon may perceive from that letter; it is from former said abruptly and hurriedly; "Mrs. Ewart, I do not wish to recur to the painful the transfer of the painful that the painful the transfer of the painful that the painful the painful that the painfu tain of wealth, and a lineal descendant of the demi-gods. One day, when Major Fortpast; but I should like to establish my DEAR MADAM—I have great pleasure in aforming you that the late Rev. George wart had more generous friends than you me probably aware of The consequence is re probably aware of The consequence is the consequence is at I am enabled to promose you an annuity of one individual to promose you an annuity of the hundred and fifty pounds a year for an information to be pead to you quarterly by any and I beg to forward you a cheque for his first quarter — Yours faithfully,

THOMAS DRAFT,

Serpond's Inn.

THOMAS DRAFT,

Serpond's Inn.

The consequence is there is another blot which I assured you rightly expressed your borror at, which I assured you had fallen upon my reputation without a case, but which I have it not in my power, even now, when perhaps your change from unmarried girl to mother might excuse me if I made my defence, to remove to your satisfaction. Do you remember what it was?

Mrs. Ewart's heart had leen bearing fast the probability of the property o

It indeed, but he was only a heutenay in the was only a heutenay on the was all being here. The was all being here with a sale of the means away had, and with namy graces and may had he have thought he would make a feel, kine inquiries alout the boy's welfare, and then took a colder fer well than addition to the means a being "said Mrs. Ewart smiling," but "said the front as a the back of the fifth story with some greavy scounded for a mate, and came back he ret the next day to make a least the front as a the back of the fifth story with some greavy scounded for a mate, and came back here the next day to make a least the front as a few kine inquires alout the boy's well are and then took a couler the fifth story with some greavy scounded for a mate, and came back here the next day to make a few kine in the case of the fifth story with

been a happy man if that boy had not come in. But to be the father of his children!

The na little altered, certainly, "and are to child not be able to say that I could do it. Nevarther would know him again may bring him to earl!

The next hooked suddenly grave (for the words "good by for ever" rang in her ears, and she for the norther police (lalmost haughtily, however), it can hardly imagine the great Major Fortress would care to call here, but if you think.

There are men to whom the story of Enoch Adden is revolting, and would have been dual when Annie marked is, in their estimation, and would have been faithful to the death to Annie, and would have been faithful to himself, and apparently waiting patiently for the cholera to subside in Munich, and to break on the surface of the instruction of the Hotel hands the surface of the married patiently for the cholera, and the surface of the instruction of the Hotel hands the surface of the surface of the surface of the surface of the surface o Interruption.

Really exclaimed she with an air of over, when they reflect calmly, an objection leaves

do you mean? You speak as if she had gone to the workhouse—Ewart's friends could never—"

"She has gone to a sort of workhouse—"
"For God's sake, old fellow," broke in

"Oh, certainly!" replied she in a tone of Churton interrogatively.

"Oh, certainly!" replied she in a tone of indifference. And soon afterwards Churton not be allowed to church the idea (for which, the idea (for which, the idea). alack! there is but too much foundation), that so soon as she has disposed of one victim (who may, however, have disagreed with her.) there is another anxious to be swallowed up—that the charming widow with a batch of fatherless children, has but to throw out a little aweet bait, and she will forthwith hook the most desirable of her former lovers. How much of all this, added to the apparition of young Ewart in the like-ness of his dead father, decided Fortress's future course, no human being can tell. He determined, however, to act up to his motto, Soon after his critical interview with Mrs. Ewart (with whom he never again got upon such delicate ground), he managed to get sent upon foreign service. He distinguished himself in action, and was killed; and Mr. Draft then informed Mrs. Ewart that the welcome annuity had come olely from Major Fortress, who had by his fill increased it by the addition of nearly il he possessed. He had also written to Mrs. Ewart a long letter, in which he revealed his whole heart, and begged her acceptance of his portrait, wherein photography had been extraordinarily successful, and on the back whereof was the motto, Semper

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

Will any find fault with her if she held in either hand the portraits of her husband and Major Fortress; if she gazed with tear-stain-ed face on each; if she put down the for-mer, gently sighing, on the table, and, pas-sionately kissing the latter, meaned:

He was the higher and more human too,

if she hung her husband's in the room where strangers sat, and her lover's in the room where she would lie o' nights, and watch and think, and pray and weep, and haply sleep

and dream?

The hypochondriae had long since gone where there is neither "Bright's disease" nor "rheumatism in the heel;" the Echo lay amongst the echoes of the tombs; Je-mina felt the assistance of her two thousand pounds, and blessed the memory of her uncle, for she little thought to whom she was indebted for her legacy; Dr. Snell had taken his departure for the place where all things, including "tonics," are forgotten; Mrs. Platt was but a pleasant memory; and Caroline and Augusts, themselves fruitful mothers of children, talked over, again and again, with Mrs. Ewart the whole story of her life, and agreed one with the other that, had she married Major Fortress, she might truly have been said to have "married well."

The Advantages of the Choicra

Mr. G. W. Kendall tells the following story of an Englishman he met at Munich in 1854: On returning at dusk I met the bluff old Englishman in the coffee-room, smoking a cigar, got into conversation with him, and soon found, as I expected, that he was a half-pay officer in the British service, with a goodly sum of his own besides his pay, travelling over Europe entirely for pleasure. As our dialogue over our cigars was not alto gether without interest, I must give a por-

You have been in the United States. then?" inquired I.

was the response. At what particular places?" I continued.
I was at Bladensburg!" retorted he.
And at New Orleans?" queried I, trying

Never!" was the rejoinder, and le said it with an emphasis which I understood per How long do you remain in Munich?" I

continued, quitting the American subject, as I found it did not pay. "Until the cholera is pretty well over,"

he went on to say, coolly and indifferently. "But which way are you from last?" he went on to say, interrogatively.
"From Sintgard," I retorted.
"Have they the cholera there?" he in-

which I hope you will not desire to hear, the which I hope you will not desire to hear. The hope in all you altered you altered the in my poor eyes."

We braitily sympathized, with, and at the author of things and persons, old more and old acquaintances; and test had only given her a sweeter expression; but if you recellect, there is still the sade fact that I am in the army."

"I have learned," said Mrs. Ewart with a sweet smale, "I have learned," said Mrs. Ewart with a plenty of servants to wait on you; you can be troubled and have finally early in a thunieh. Let me give you a secret: "You are a younger man than I am, med may have travelled extensively; so have I; and I have travelled extensively; so have I; and I have travelled extensively; so have I; and I have travelled extensively in the troubles had only given her a sweeter expensive travelled extensively and the troubles had only given her a sweeter extensively and the troubles had only given her a sweeter expensive travelled extensively and the t "The accused may be considered, then," rejoined l'ortross laughing, "to have elegated timeself completely; and if you have not for him. I went down the other day to Institute in the interesting point, in rushed the elegate boy, looking the very image of his fifth story with some greater required for the conditions."

In the interesting point, in rushed the elegate boy, looking the very image of his fifth story with some greater required for the cock has a right on the rest of the cock has a right on the cock has a right on the rest of the cock has a right on the rest of the cock has a right on the rest of the cock has a right on the rest of the cock has a right on the rest of the cock has a right on the rest of the cock has a right of the c

A Washington Romapre. Some time since, says a Washington cor-

respondent, an army officer, holding the rank of captain, was standing in front of one of our large city hotels, deeply meditating on something only known to himself, when he was addressed by a colored individual, who asked him if that was Captain C—. Upon the captain answering in the affirmative, he was informed by the gentleman of color that there was a person in the shape of a female, who wished to see him at the corner above. Now, we will say here that the brave cap tain had been struck somewhere in the re gion of the heart with an arrow from cupid's bow, and he had fixed that very night to ask that same question which so many have asked, viz.: "Will you have me?" But still, he was ready for some romance, if it came in his way. He accordingly followed the dark individual to the corner above, and there saw a lady deeply veiled, so that not a particle of her face could be seen. When he came up she asked him to follow her, and led the way to a public square, where she informed him that if he would be willing to be blindfolded and led some little distance he would meet the lady he intended to propose to that night, and furthermore, a minister would be in attendance, ready to pro nounce them one and inseparable. captain had fixed himself all up for the oc-casion, so there was no difficulty in his dress or looks, though he did not like the blindfolding part; but he finally consented, and a dainty little handkerchief was placed over his eyes, sweetly scented and worked all over. His fair pilot then took his arm all over. and escorted him around corners, and finally stopped at a neat little house, rang the bell, and the next minute the captain was in the presence of a large company there assem-bled, he thought, to see the wedding. When the handkerchief was removed from his eyes, he found himself the centre of all eyes. At one end of the room (which we will state here was a clergyman's house) was a minis ter all ready to do his part of the arrange ment. In a few moments the deor was opened, and in came the bride elect, all dressed for the occasion, but with a heavy mask on, which she infermed the captain would be removed as soon as he had promised to "tove, honor, and keep her for better or for worse." They stood up, the captain all anxiety, and the minister commenced. The captain made his vows, and when the lady was about to do the same she removed her mask and said to the astonished and mortified groom: "John, I could not let you have another wife while I was living."

The captain now looked down, and who could it be but his wife, who he thought should it be but his wife, who he thought was out West, and not dreaming that she was near; but she having heard of the attention he had been paying to the lady in question, had come on and arranged the plan which was carried out. In another mo-ment in rushed a curly-headed boy, crying :

Papa, papa."
The captain who had come so near doing omething bad, finding he could not get out of the scrape, gave in, and started away with his lawful wife and little one; but before doing so, he asked to see the fair conductor who brought him to the house, and you can imagine his amazement when the lady stepped up, and he found it to be the very lady to whom he had intended to pop the question that night. The curtain dropped here, and the last we saw of the captain he was stepping into a carriage with his wife and child.

Moral-Gentlemen, never try to marry nd time until you are certain your first wife is gone.

A London shoemaker has been making ome improvements in boots.

which is inserted in the hollow or "waist" of the foot, causing it to fit closely to the hollow. Mr. Nicoll says that "boots made in the ordinary way sink in the waist, and cause the heel to project behind in an un-

persons with flat feet, and for those who wish to appear taller. The "Elevans" boot is designed to elevate the wearer, improve the instep, and give a graceful appearance to such feet as would otherwise be that and These results are produced action into the back part of shapeles the introduction boot of a piece of cork of any desired thick half-an-inch to two inches,

"It is a little altered, certainly," and little altered, certainly," and little altered, certainly, "and little altered, certainly, "and little altered, certainly," and little altered, certainly, "and little altered, certa

girl in the Belgraestimation, an irreThey have, morealmly, an objection book of Nature when Autumn turns the views. This may somewhat retard the pro-

HER BOOTS. A Rhapsody.

BY ALFRED CROWQUILL.

I stood beside the rolling, restless sea, And my friend Smith stood smoking close by me; The ocean's foam rolled playfully away (Venus was born of that same foam, they

Enough, my fate was scaled that very day. Tripping on the golden sands, a footstep light

Struck on my ear, and she burst on my sight; Smith saw her too and pocketed his pipe,

And gave his long moustache a smoothening wipe-wished him safe aboard his ten-ton yacht-She'd such a foot, and then her boot, Built like a Hessian with a silken knot!

Not black and polished, but of creamy hue— When I said boot, of course I meant she'd With instep arched, just like the Bridge of Sighs, And two such heels, to give a little rise;

But they were nothing to her coal-black eyes.
That gave the look that quite electrifies.
She stood upon a little pedestal of rock,
And screamed out little screams at every

shock: The tide was rising, and each tiny wave

Rushed round her feet, so playfully to lave And kiss the boots that held those pretty

Then, quite abashed, they beat a quick retreat. At last a swell much bigger than the rest, More impudent, in fact, now onward pressed. She fled! but still the swell kept pressing

I thought my love and both her boots were

Smith stood aghast, but I, with frantic cry, Seized her at once, and bore her high and dry! Her ma, who had been dozing in the sun,

Woke up and asked what she had been and

We saw them home, Smith took the good While I with Miss walked far behind con-

And then, good sirs, why need I tell you more? Each morn beheld me knocking at the door With flowers or music, or some poor excuse, That with my time and heart just played the

At last all things went on the usual way, And ended "in love, honor and obey;"
Which did of course produce the usual

fruits I have the lady and-I buy the boots. MORAL.

The moral is, that victim man, If he just only knew it;
Ah, if he did—why then, of course,
He'd never go and do it.

Riding Astride by Women.

One of Mr. Willis's pet ideas—women riding astride, like the men, pantaloons and all—is being put into practice. A Western paper describes the costume of the fashionable horse woman of that place: "It is a Zouave rig, which allows the lady to sit astride her steed. A close fitting basque, tastefully ornamented with embroidery, with Zouava pants, made full like those of the Zouave pants, made full like those of the Turks, and gathered at the bottom into bands, which are concealed in the tops of high, tight laced galter boots. On the head a traw turban, with a plain velvet band and a straw turban, with a plain velvet band and a tutt of flowers. Lilae is a favorite color which is inserted in the hollow or "waist" with black trimmings." Even the staid old New York Post admits that "such a habit must greatly facilitate the management of a when the proper action of the bones and muscles of the instep." All these evils are successfully obviated in the "Flavor and manner and muscles of the instep." All these evils are successfully obviated in the "Flavor and muscles of the instep." All these evils are successfully obviated in the "Flavor and muscles of the instep." All these evils are successfully obviated in the "Flavor and muscles of accident from entangled dramatic and the sum of the bonders of accident from entangled dramatic and the sum of the bonders of accident from entangled dramatic and the sum of the bonders of accident from entangled dramatic and the sum of the bonders of accident from entangled dramatic and the sum of the bonders of accident from entangled dramatic and the sum of the bonders of accident from entangled dramatic and the bonders of accident from entangled dramatic and the bonders of the Hudson, this summer, two beautiful girls, just riponing into womanhood, who wore a similar costume to that described above when taking horselness are accessed. horse, as well as materially decrease the chances of accident from outangled dra-pery." We have seen on the borders of the 'shank' which, by its inflexibility, prevents
the proper action of the bones and muscles
of the instep." All these evils are successfully obviated in the "Flexura" boot.
His "Flexura" boot supports the ankle
and instep, and is oridered.

> 23" Mr. Robert Browning is about to publish a posm of 15,000 lines, containing "dis-cussions on a last of the most interesting and puzzling social problems of the day."
> We are not told what advantage it will be to
> put these heavy discussions into poetry; but if he makes it real funny poetry—as funny for example as his "Caliban in Seteboo,"— it will at least make the reader smile. After the gets rested from his labor, we should like it if he would take the Congressional Globe and make peetry of it for the benefit of members of Congress.—N. Y. Times.
>
> The Mark Twain, writing from Europe, thus describes some of its sovereigns: "The Coar and his breaker would be marked in a

> Czar and his brother would be marked in a crowd as great men and good ones, Emperor Napoleon would be marke be marked in a erowd as a great man and a cunning one. The Sultan of Turkey would not be marked in a crowd at all."

> that, universal as the practice of lying is, and easy as it seems, he did not remember and easy as it seems, he did not remember to have heard three good falsehoods in all his conversation, even from those most celebrated in that faculty. is estimated

The graps crop of Ohio is estimated this year to be the largest ever known.

"Contraction and expansion are convertible terms as applied to currency an inveterate humorist to a financial friend. The friend, as in duty bound, asked, "How so?" The reply came thus: "You admit that our currency is a debt!" The friend nodded. "Well, then, when you contract the currency you contract a debt; which I take it is equivalent to expansion. So you see the two things mean the same thing."

The financial friend is not expected to re-

s cover.

1. 12 A ship canal through the Florids peninsula is advocated by the Southern newspers. Such a canal would be less than a hundred miles long, and would shorten the royage from New Cileans to New York several days, and be the means of avoiding the dangers of the Florida coast.

Whether it be by the opening up of ancient working grounds, or the discovery of hitherto unknown deposits, the supply of raw material appears to enlarge with the demand. In Japan, where the natives cagerly seize upon all the Occidental arts of making their products valuable, we hear of immense quantities of iron, lead, and coal. Near Peking, in China, an oil-bearing stratum has been found, extending over a surface of three hundred miles square. In Greece, the French Company working the slag and sooriæ from the ancient lead mines, are clearing nearly 15,000 francs daily. In Italy oil ing nearly 15,000 francs daily. In Italy oil springs have been discovered near Isolietta, between Naples and Rome, together with vast deposits of bitumens, asphalts and a pe-culiar bituminous coal, capable of produc-ing (so states the discoverer, a scientific Italian) a heat more than double that of the English Newcastle coal. New gold mines have been found also in Chili, lead in Canada, and any amount of fresh deposits of all sorts out West. But after all, as Ross Brown says in his last report upon the resources of the Pacific states and territories, "The de-sideratum is more saving processes, not more mines." We have all that we can use, if we are careful to use all that we have.

From the Sunday Mercury, N. Y. City.

TEA .- Two full cargoes of the first pick-TEA.—Two full cargoes of the first pickings and finest quality of Japan and Oolong Teas were purchased by the Great American Tea Company, 31 and 33 Vesey street. The first they are selling at \$1.25 a pound, and the Oolong at \$1 a pound, which is far below the price the same quality can be purchased at in any other store we know of. Consumers should bear this in mind and try it. It is prime. it. It is prime.

WALKING .- With the increase of horserailroads and of other cheap facilities for city travel, it is to be feared that many of our citizens will forget that walking is the best exercise a person can take. Thousands of clerks, and business and professional men, whose duties require them to sit in offices nearly the whole of the working hours, ride down and up town from and to their homes, without having walked half a mile during the entire day. If they accompany ladies to a place of annusement in the evening, they never think of walking.

A most extraordinary matrimonial arrangement has lately been consummated in Chicago. The three bridegrooms are brothers, and the happy brides are sisters, and it was literally the marriage of two entire families. It was an economical arrangement thus wooing and marrying at wholesale—a great saving in lights, fuel and the expenses

of the wedding festivities was effected.

The Boston Journal says, with regard to stubborn pens: "If a steel pen is too stiff, stick it into a gas liame for a few seconds, then dip it into water, oil or tallow.

conds, then dip it into water, oil or tallow. If a new pen is greasy, put it in the flame for as instant and the ink will run.

The vile practice of "hazing" has been revived in Yale College. A freshmen was enticed from his room last week by four or five "sophs," who took him to a retired place, where they shaved all the hair off his head and otherwise insulted him. head and otherwise insulted him.

The Surgeon General's office, from records kept during the war, shows that cold steel plays but little part in modern battles. In three years there were reported on the Union side, only a hundred and forty-three bayonet wounds, and 'a hundred and five sabre cuts. Gunpowder does the work. Modern artillery and long-range ritles give little chapter for the bayonet or the darking little chance for the bayonet or the dashing

cavalry charge.

A lady out with her little girl and boy bought him a rubber balloon, which escaped him and flew up in the air. The girl seeing the tears in his eyes, said; "Never mind, Neddy, when you die and go to Heaven, you'll dit it."

New 200 bils of flye Flour sold in lots at \$8,50079 bils.

GRAIN—There has been very little demand for Wheat; 2000 bus of common to fair red sold at \$2,25 (52,40; 4000 do of color men at \$2,500 £60. Sold of of choice from \$2,000 £1,50 ft bas, as so quality, and California at \$2,50 5 bas. Free—50.0 bus sold at \$1,5000 £0.0 for Southern, and \$1,500 £1,55 ft bas for Penna. Corn—25,000 bus of prime yellow sold at \$1,400,141, and 40,000 bus of prime yellow sold at \$1,500,141, and 40,000 bus of western mixed at \$1,300,140. Oats—30,000 bus of western mixed at \$1,300,140. Oats—30,000 bus of western mixed at \$1,300,140. Oats—30,000 bus of western mixed at \$1,300,140. Oats—50,000 bus of western mixed at \$1,300,140. Oats—50,000 bus of western mixed at \$1,500,000 bus of new York Barley sold at \$1,00 mel southern the prime do, and \$20 fto prime. Western Moss Bed—City packed solls at £95,50. Bacon; sales of Hams at 165,000; Sides at 170,170,000 bus of packed Hams at 166,000; Sides at 170,170,000 bus of \$1,000 bus of \$1,000

at 386 36 w doz.

COTTON—The market has been very dult about 600 bales of middlings sold in lots at 165 62 36 for uplands, and 206 216 e 78 for New Orleans.

RARK—100 hids 1st No 1 Quereltron sold at 554

BEESWAX - Yellow sells at 41c P h. COAL Market dull. The cargo rates are \$4,2562, 500 ton for white ash, and \$1,000,175 for red ash. FEATHERS - Western soll at 650 abo for fair and holes lots.

choice lots.

FRUIT-Dried Apples sell at his 680% c. Dried Proches—Sales of quarters at 562,53% c, and halves at 5% 630% c. Pried Backberries sell at 11% 11% c. Pared Peaches rance at from 18 to 25% 35. HOPS—Sales at from 54 to 27% bib.

HOPS—Sales at from 50 to 70c for the crop of 1867, we to easily

HOPS—Sales at from 90 to 700 for the crop of 1857, as to quality.

FUCN—Pig Iron is dull; sales of No 1 at \$42; No 2 at \$34,00; and \$52,00 for Forge. South Pig is queted at \$42,00 for Forge. South Pig is queted at \$42,00 for Cloverseed sold at \$7,500,8 to 500,00 for prime new. Timothy—500 bus sold at \$20,00 for prime new. Timothy—500 bus sold at \$20,00 for 185,00 for sold at \$115,00 and country at 110,115,00 for sold at \$10,00 for sold at \$10,00

western pulled and 100 Me 2 h for No I Wester pulled, according to quality.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKETS.

The supply of Beel Cattle during the past work amounted to shout 2100 head. The prices realized from 86,652 ct. 20. 200 cose brought from 865 to 70. 20 head. Sheep—6000 head were disposed of at from 655 ct. 20. 200 logs rold at from 88,60 to 10,00 2 100 fee.

TO THE POST

New Mines Reing Opened of Every- AMERICAN CASINET ORGANS AT THE PARIS EXPOSITION.—Nothing could be more AMERICAN CABINET ORGANS AT THE PARTS EXPOSITION.—Nothing could be more coly than the court filled with beautiful Cabinet Organs made of American woods. There is always a throng of persons around his instruments, which are played every day by the great organists of Paris, by Mons. Lefebure, Mons. St. Saens, Mons. Ed. Batiste. There is but one opinion among all these artists about the great merits of these instruments. "They are perfection," is the expression one hears from the most competent judges. I hear Messrs. Mason & Hamlin will receive a first class medal for their

tent judges. I hear Messrs. Mason & Ham-lin will receive a first class medal for their Cabinet Organs. - Correspon. Boston Gazette

ONCE at Wotton, Rowland Hill was preaching in the afternoon, the only time when it seemed possible to be drowsy under him. He saw some sleening and named e saw some sleeping, and paused, saying : I have heard that the miller can sleep while the mill is going, but if it stops it wakes him; I'll try this method." And so he sat down, and soon saw an aroused au-

horns, at Harristown, Macon county, Ill., has realized the sum of \$1,300 in premiums awarded to his herd at state and county fairs

this season.

The cidest son of the King of Siam, and heir to the throne is dead. He was born in 1823; his name was Krom Mu'n Malesuarsivavilas, and he leaves twenty-nine half-brothers and thirty-three half-sisters. So that there is no immediate danger of the line heavings without

line becoming extinct.

(37 "When I goes a shoppin'," said an old lady, "I allors ask for what I wants, and if they have it, and it's suitable, and I feel inclined to buy it, and it's cheap, and can't be got for less, I most allors takes it without they come as a server prople. ppering about it all day, as some people

628. HOOP SKIRTS 628.

Of "Our Own Make" are manufactured expressly to meet the wants of First Class and most Fashion able Trade, and embrace an assortment replete with every new and desirable style, size, and length of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Hoop Skirts, both plain and Gore Trails, which for symmetry of style, finish, lightness, clasticity, darability and cheapness, are much superior to any other Single or Double Spring Skirt in the American market. Every lady should try them, as we warrant satisfaction. Wholesale and Stetall at Manufactory and Salestrom, No. 628 ARCH St.

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"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."-Franklin.

THE MARKETS.

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the profits of the Chinese factors.

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of 1,000 to 2,000 packages, at an average profit of about 10 per cent.

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When you have added to these EighT profits as many brokerages, cartages, storages, cooperages, and waste, and add the original cost of the Tea. it will be perceived what the consumer has to pay. And now we propose to show why we can sell so very much lower than other dealers.

than other designs.

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one cartage, and a small profit to ourselves—which, on our large sales, will amply pay us.

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Write the names, kinds, and amounts plainly on a Write the names, kinds, and amounts plainly on a list, as seen in the Club Order published below, and when the oisb is complete send it to us by mail, and we will put each party's goods in separate packages, and mark the same upon them, with the cost, so there need be no confusion in their distribution—each party getting exactly what he orders, and no more. The cost of transcription is members one divide a unitable.

getting exactly what he orders, and no more. The cost of transportation the numbers can divide equitably among themselves.

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This is a 12mo., containing 116 pages, and is devoted to a caim and moderate discussion of the Suffrage Abould be Qualified, and sof Unqualified and Universal.

Reasons are given assignitively assignitive and the suffrage should be qualified, and sof Unqualified and Universal.

Universal;
Reasons are given against Universal Negro Sef-frage, and also against Fernals Suffrage.
This work (published in June) was written before the Connection decision of last Spring—and in it the writer gives the following

WARNING TO THE PARTY OF PROGRESS.

WARRING TO THE PARTY OF PROGRESS.

"In every great movement, as thistory warns us, it is all-important that the party of Progress should know schert to stop. Generally, misted by acalote, they will not pause at the proper period, and thus create a Reaction, whose waves in turn every away not only the proofs of their folly, but much which has really been gained for the great cause of human improvement. A safe rule in such cases would seem to be, that the retwenstory perty should pause when the result which has designately aimed at was attained.

"The Anti-alwery movement has effected its contemplated end; and the work planned in the days of sober reas-on being accomplished, it is now plunging into madness and folly. I warn the friends of the negro, and the negroes themselves, against the inevitable reaction which they are provoking. If they rail into the spirit of the dacobies, and yield themselves to wild theories of the natural rights of man, and wild notions of vengennes against the Southern rebels, they will experience the fate of the Jacobins, and yeld cover assist the fleere surveys of a popular reaction. If they act, however, like moderate and resultie men, who are able to understand that there are other people in this country than negroes, and other interests than those relating to the freedmen, it will be well for the negroes themselves, for the Kepublican party, and for the country."

The Author wishes the above (and the work liself) to be read and poudered by all thoughtful men, in the light of the recent elections. Is not his Predetion coming true!

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Section &

WIT AND HUMOR.

Wonidn't Take Turnty Dellars.

Some waggish students at Yale College, few years since, were regaling themselves one evening at the "Toutine," when an old farmer from the country entered the room (taking it for the bar-room) and inquired if he could obtain lodging there. The young chaps immediately answered in the affirmachaps immediately answered in the affirma-tive, inviting him to take a glass of punch. The old fellow, who was a shrewd Yankee, aaw at once that he was to be made the butt of their jests, but quietly laying off his hat and telling a worthless little dog he had with him to lie uncler the chair, he took a glass of the proflered boverage. The students anx-iously inquired after the health of the old was a fixed a children and the farmer. the professor toward after the health of the old man's wife and children, and the farmer, with affected simplicity, gave them the whole pedigree, with numerous ancolotes about his farm, stock, &c., &c.

"Do you belong to the church?" asked one of the wags.

"Yes, the Lord be praised, and so did my father before me."

"Well, I suppose you would not tell a lie?" replied the student.
"Not for the world," added the farmer.
"Now what will you take for that dog?" pointing to the farmer's cur, who was not worth his weight in Jersey mud.
"I would not take twenty dollars for that

dog." Twenty dollars? why, he is not worth

"Wenty dollars? why, he is not vorn twenty cents."
"Well, I assure you I would not take twenty dollars for him."
"Come, my friend," said the student, who with his companions was bent on having some capital fun with the old man. "Now you say you won't tell a lie for the world, it was a few as all the for the twenty. let me see if you will not do it for twenty dollars. I'll give you twenty dollars for

"I'll not take it," replied the farmer,
"You will not? Here, lot us see if this
won't tempt you to tell a lie," added the student, producing a small bag of half clollars, from which he counted small piles on the table, where the farmer sat with his hat in his hand, apparently unconcerned. "There,' added the student, "there are twenty dol lars all in silver. I will give you that for

your dog."

The old farmer quietly raised his hat to the edge of the table, and then as quick as thought scraped all the money into it except one half dollar, at the same time exclaiming, one half dollar, at the same time excusions, "I won't take your twenty dollars! Nine-teen and a half is as much as the dog is worth—he is your property!"

A tremendous laugh from his fellow-students showed the would-be was that he was completely "dene up," and that he need not look for help from that quarter; so he good-saturedly acknowledged beat, insisted on the old farmer. the old farmer taking another glass, and they parted in great glee—the student re-taining his dog, which he keeps to this day, as a lesson to him never to attempt to play tricks on men older than bimself, and tally to be careful how he tries to wheedle a Yanker farmer.

Appropriate Addition.

Some time ago an affectionate wife de-parted this life, and for the benefit of her hasband, who remained in this "vale of trars," she ordered placed upon her tomb-stone the following verse:

"Weep not for me, my dearest dear, am not dead, but sleeping here; Repent, my love, before you die, For you must come and sleep with I.

In a year or as afterwards the affectionate husband, believing it not good for man to live alone, took unto himself another spouse, nd under the first verse placed the follow ing explanatory lines:

"I will not weep, my dearest life, For I have got another wife. I cannot come and sleep with thee, For I must go and sleep with she "

A Hard Case.

It is quite as often that mistakes occur of persons who suppose it is their duty to be-come clergymen, as of those who fancy that they have the right talent to become physiclass. The one thinks he has a call to preach; the other to practice. Experienced hands' often see the lamentable error about to be committed by realous aspirants in both professions. A case in point occurred not long since in the north-eastern part of Illinois. At a conference of Methodist rainisters, Brother seems, who was not noted for brilliancy of diction, related his experience—speaking, among other things, of his call to preach, and his reluctance to obey the Divine inspiration, until it accound to him that he must either preach or sufference between the preach or sufference as it englished to be. After giving milk all summer, the diminished production of a milch cow is owing to a somewhat exhausted constitution, as well as to the usual shortness of food in the fall. The animal health requires something more than watery very hard indeed; for it is every certon, then the sum of the preach of the great of the great of the great advantage in giving occasionally a little soft bay once a day, which is eaten with a great lish, and also two quarts morning agreement of this milk.

Why he Never Saw Rim.

to make the matter plainer, said to the wag of the class; "Mr. Jackson, dol you ever actually see your father?" Bill replied promptly, "No. sir." "Please explain to the committee why you never saw your father!" "Because," replied Mr. Jack-add, having in addition for each animal, consen, very gravely, "he died before I was lsorn, sir."

ABERNATHY once said to a rich but dirty patient, who consulted him about an erup-

"Let your servant bring to you three or four pails of water, and put it into a wash-inb; take off your clothes, get into it, and rub yourself well with soap and a rough towel, and you'll recover.

"This advice seems very much like telling me to wash myself," said the patient. "Well," said Abernethy, "it may be open to the." that objection.

STO 642



"A BROTHER BRUSH."

SHIP PAINTER .- "Nice dryin' weather for our business, ain't it, sir ?" Takes a dislike to the place.

Not Quite Ready.

iuto the store of a young gentleman for the purpose of being escorted up the street by him. Of course the young man was all exhim. Of course the young man was all ex-cited and confused, especially as he was at that moment just going to the revenue office to precure a store license. He picked up his hat and hastily started for the door, re-

marking to the young lady as follows:
"Just wait a few minutes, until I go to
the revenue office for a license; I will not The lady called him back, and astonished

An incident is mentioned by a correspondent, who was desired by his mother to go to neighbor. Shaw's and see if he had any straw suitable for filling beds, "Mr. Shaw," says our informant, "was blessed with a goodly number of Misses Shaw, and I therefore felt a little thind at encountering them, and to make the matter worse, I arrived just as the family were seated at dinner. Stepping in the decrease, but in hand. just as the family were scated at dinner. Stepping in the decrway, hat in hand, I stammered out, "Mr. Straw, can you spare enough Shaw to fill a couple of beds?" "Weil," replied the old gentleman, glancing around at his large family, and enjoying my mistake, "I don't know but I can; how many will you need?" Before I could recover, those hateful Shaw girls burst into a chorus of laughter, and I made a hasty exit.

** Advice to some husbands. "How to make home happy"—Go off somewhere.

AGRICULTURAL.

It does not seem to be generally known, or if known is not commonly practiced, that or if known is not commonly the winter, to carry a cow properly through the winter, keeping her in good condition and well up in her milk to within a month of her calving. it is important to begin in this region during the present month. In a former number of the "Practical Parmer" it was shown, in cians. The one thinks he has a call to preach; the other to practice. Experienced "hands" often see the lamentable error

advantage in giving occasionally a little soft hay once a day, which is eaten with a great high, and also two quarts morning and even At a certain college, the senior class was under examination for degrees. The Professor of Natural Philosophy was badgering in optics. The point under illustration was that, strictly and scientifically speaking, we see no objects, but their images depicted on the retina. The worthy Professor, in order the retina. The worthy professor, in order examination to pasture, often produces green results. It is much cheaper and casier to keep a cow in a good thriving condition, than to recover her from an exhaust-the retina. The worthy professor, in order was the retinal domestic animals, should be the ing of mixed bran and middling with all domestic animals, should be the motto; and this depends on constant care replied and oversight, with sound judgment in select

Huying and Selling Store Cattle.

Mr. Wm. McCombie, who is well known as the most successful of the breeders and exhibitors of Polled cattle in the north of Scotland, while as a feeder he has not been

Scotland, while as a feeder he has not been excelled by any one in Europe, says:—
"In selling lean cattle there is a great deal to be gained by choosing a favorable stand and showing them off properly to the buyers. Cattle look best on the face of a moderate sloping bank, and worst of all at a dead wall. The larger the number shown

in a lot, especially of Polled cattle, as the In Bridgeport, Conn., a young lady called stand close tegether, they look the better. I too the store of a young centleman for the but sixty will look better than forty, and eighty better still. I never would break a lot of beasts except for a consideration in price, as the cattle left behind never have the same appearance. The dealer likewise the same appearance. The dealer likewise knows that cattle look largest on the off-side. know that cattle look largest on the off-side. Many huyers like to see every beast in a let go past them; and if the dealer can get the buyer to inspect them on the off-side, it is to his own advantage. Cattle and sheep are the better of a good rise up when the buyer is inspecting them. I have often seen quarrelling between the buyers and the drovers, the buyers invision on the drovers letting. The lady cation into vasas, which is inspecting them.

"Hold on, I am not ready for a license yet. Wait a few days."

The young man is still waiting; but the probability is he will not have to remain in doubt much longer.

Is inspecting them.

relling between the buyers and the drovers, the buyers insisting on the drovers will not let them alone, while the drovers will not let them stand. I have seen a clever man keep some of the best beasts always in view of the buyers, a stick with a whip-cord being used for the purpose."

How to Treat Balky Horses.

If you have balky horses, it is your own fault, and not the horses, for if they do not pull true, there is some cause for it, and if pull true, there is some cause for it, and it you will remove the cause, the effect will cease. When your horse balks he is excited, and does not know what you want him to do. When he gets a little excited, stop him five or ten minutes; let him become calm; go to the balky horse, pat him, and speak gently to him; and as coon as he is over his excitement, he will, in nine cases out of ten, pull ment, he will, in nine cases out of ten, pull at the word. Whipping and slashing and swearing only make the matter worse. After you have gentled him awhile, and his excitement has cooled down, take him by the bits: turn bim each way, a few minutes, as far as you can; pull out the tongue; gentle him a little; unrein him; then step before the balky horse, and let the other start first; then you can take them anywhere you wish. then you can take them anywhere you wish. A balky horse is always high spirited and starts quick; half the pull is out before the other starts; by standing before him the other starts first. By close application to this rule, you can make any balky horse pull. If a horse has been badly spoiled, you should hitch him to the empty wagon, and spull it account a while on level creamy; then pull it around a while on level ground; then put on a little load, and increase it gradually, caressing as before, and in a short time you can have a good work house, - American Farmer.

Flour Making. The question how much wheat does take to make a barrel of flour is often asked. and the answer is of a general character five bushels are allowed. Fair of the Dabuque county (Iowa) Agricul-tural Society in 1866, a premium of \$3 was offered for the best barrel of flour made from winter wheat, and also the same made from spring wheat. A firm entered one barrel ach, accompanied with the statement that sixteen bushels of winter wheat yielded three barrels and one hundred and three pounds of flour-at the rate of four bushels and fifteen pounds of wheat to the barrel. Of spring wheat, fifty bushels yielded eleven barrels of flour, being four bushels and thirty-two pounds to the barrel. The wheat was a fair quality and no more.

THE cattle reporter of the Prairie Farmer says, "It will cost farmers 10 ets. per lb, present price of corn, to make pork, and as they cannot reasonably expect to re-alize over \$6a6.75 for live weights, it is to their advantage to sell their grain and send in their hogs, although but partially fat-

HAVING been often told that anything would do for seed potatoes, a correspondent of the Rural New Yorker planted four rows of twenty hills each in the centre of his

of twenty hills each in the following result:—

Marketable, Small.

1 large potato in a hill yielded 67 24

" 53 37

On opening the State Fair of Iowa, President Melendy, in the course of his remarks, said: "We do not desire a great overshadowing federal institution, which shall at to direct or control agricultural mat-We hang our hopes for agricultural progress in this country upon the common schools, the state agricultural colleges, the agricultural newspapers, and agricultural associations established so thickly throughout the country.

France a Wheat Country.

According to the Revue des Economistes, the entire extent of surface appropriated in France to the cultivation of wheat, is two thousand eight hundred leagues. Of every hundred acros appropriated to cultivation in that country, forty are devoted to this grain. that country, forty are devoted to this grain. It is asserted that the quantity of wheat produced in France exceeds the aggregate product of the same grain in the British Isles, Sweden, Poland, Holland, Prussia and Spain. The annual consumption of wheat Spain. The annual consumption of weather head, on an average, in France, is between six and seven bushels; in the British Isles, between five and six bushels; in Spain, between four and five; in Holland, between two and three; in Prussia much less, and in Poland and Sweden comparatively little.

Spain, next to France, is the greatest wheat growing country in Europe. Her soil is almost equally as fertile, and abounds in those mineral ingredients upon the presence of which in the soil, the success of the wheat crop is in a great measure found to depend.

WOODS AND FORESTS.-To the instances we have from time to time given of the in-jurious effect on climate and cultivation by the cutting down of woods and forests. Sinthe cutting down of woods and forests, Singapore may now be added. In that island a rage for clearing has prevailed for some years, and the jungle has been destroyed without any regard to requirements of shelter. The capricious rainfall does not appear to be diminished; but the coffee plantations, which need protection, all perished. Had belts and clumps of the jungle been left standing to afford shelter, this loss might have been prevented. The this loss might have been prevented. The cultivation of nutmegs, which once brought a large profit to Singapore, has also failed, but not from the same cause. In this case the mischief lay in over-manuring. Under these circumstances it is interesting to hear that plantations of the cocoanut trees have been introduced, and with such great success as to yield already a considerable profit.
The return principally looked for is now cocoanut oil; but there are many ways in
which the trees and their produce can be
turned to account.

RECEIPTS.

PHEASANT PIE.-There are several ways of preparing a pheasant pie: it is very good when arranged after the fashion of a Yorkshire game pic—or it may be managed in the same manner as a chicken pie; or the bird or birds may be nicely boned and placed whole in a raised crust, or cut up and p in a ple dish, together with some rich forcement, a rim and top of crust being added in the usual way; or a mould may be lined with very thin slices of bacon, and the pheasant (previously cut up) may be then packed in; put more bacon on the top; lay a cover or dish upon the mould, and bake for an hour; serve this when cold. In every case the flesh of the birds may be first tossed in butter, as this process prevents the gravy looking clotty when the pie is done. Truf-fles may be advantageously introduced in all game pics when they can be procured, and a little orange juice squeezed over the pic in making is a great improvement to its flavor. To Boll. Pheasants.—Nicely truss your

pheasant, as though it were a turkey you were going to boil; put it into a saucepan of boiling water, and keep it boiling gently for thirty or forty minutes; take it up and pour over it in the dish some very nicely-stewed celery, mixed with a rich cream sauce; garnish with very thin slices of lemon. To STEW PHEASANT .- Truss the pheasant

as for boiling; put it into a saucepan which is just large enough to hold it; pour in enough yeal gravy, and stew it very slowly. till sufficiently done; add about a score of chestnuts, previously boiled and blanched; one or two sliced artichoke bottoms, already dressed; pepper, salt, a glass of white wine, and a little butter rolled in flour. Make all hot; squeeze into it the juice of half a lemon; put the pheasant in a dish, and pour the

sauce over it. Some game forcemeat balls may be added, if fancied. Pigs' FEET JELLY.—To one quart of stock take half a pound of loaf sugar, one pint of wine, one wineglassful of brandy, the rind and juice of two lemons, a few sticks of cinnamon broken up, a little mace, and the whites of three eggs strained, not beaten, and the shells broken up; mix all these in-gredients well together, and boil for forty minutes. Do not stir it. Then throw in a pint of cold water, and let it boil ten or flannel bag with a thin layer of cotton at the bottom of it. If you have no lemons, use a part of a tumbler of strong white vinegar, and use the essence of lemon. If the stock has not kept well, boil it over, and strain it before making the jelly. EGGS AND BEEF.—Chip some dried beef,

nd pour boiling water over it to freshen it. into the skillet with the meat. When it is hot stir in three or four eggs until they are all well mixed with the meat; pepper, and send to the breakfast-table hot.

APPLE CREAM.—Boil twelve apples in water all soft, take off the peel, and press the pulp through a hair sieve upon half a pound of pounded sugar; whip the whites of two eggs, add them to the apples, and beat all together till it becomes very stiff and looks quite white. Serve it heaped up on a

FRUIT CAKE .- Cream one pound of butpound of sugar, and a pound of flour. Stone and cut fine three pounds of raisins, and dry two pounds of currants, and one pound of citron fine, and add to the hat-Grate one nutmeg and put in, and if cake is to be used shortly after baking, add a pound of almonds blanched and cut fine. If kept any time the almonds impart a rancid taste to the cake. A small portion of the flour must be reserved to dredge the fruit with, to prevent it from sinking

batter. Bake slowly for six or seven hours.
To CLEAN SPONGES.—The following is a To CLEAN SPONGES.—The inhowing is a very simple and certain way of cleaning sponges from all grease, soap, or anything else. Fill a large jug with boiling water and put in your sponge; take a large lump of put in your sponge; take a large lump of soda (about the size of a large hen's egg) and break it up, putting it as much as you can when the good woman finished with the uninto the holes of the sponge; cover over, and leave it for about twelve hours. Rinse well, and it will be found almost like a new sponge.

THE RIDDLER.

Transposition.

WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. I am composed of 4 letters-

I am composed of 4 letters—
And entire I signify a company—change my 1st and I am found on the seashore; change it again, and I am used by conjurors; again, and I am part of the globe; again, and I am part of the globe; again, and I am part of the body. Now change my 2nd, and I twist; change it again, and I unite; change it once more, and I am an obligation. Now change my 3rd, and I am bare; change it again, and I am a poet; change my 4th, and I am poison; change it again and I become a place of deposite; change it again, and I make a loud noise.

W. H. MORROW.

W. H. MORROW.

Hiddle.

WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. My 1st is in Jane, but not in Thomas,

2nd is in Emma, but not in Jonas, 3rd is in Catharine, but not in Wallace,

3rd is in Catharine, but not in wanace, 4th is in Bella, but not in Maurice, 5th is in Fanny, but not in Fides, 6th is in Cornelia, but not in Placidus, 77th is in Felicia, but not in Tobias,

My 8th is in Beatrice, but not in Tobias, My 8th is in Beatrice, but not in Darius, My 8th is in Sophia, but not in Stephen, My 10th is in Abigail, but not in Evan, My 11th is in Margaret, but not in Conrad,

12th is in Georgina, but not in Leonard 13th is in Amanda, but not in Bernard, 14th is in Charlotte, but not in Gerard. My 15th is in Martha, but not in John Huss. My 16th is in Caroline, but not in Plus.

The name of my whole, I would like to know And hope that to me, the favor she'll show.

WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. If a heavy sphere whose diameter is 4 inches, be dropped in a conical glassfull of water, whose diameter is 5 inches and alti-tude 6 inches, how much water will run over?

WM. H. MORROW. An answer is requested.

Problem.

WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. The monument erected in Babylon, by Queen Semiramis at her husband Ninus's tomb, is said to have been one solid block of marble in the form of a pyramid; the base was a square, whose side was 20 feet; and the height of the monument was 150 feet. Now suppose this monument was not rec.

Now suppose this monument was sunk in
the Euphrates, what weight would be sufficient to raise the apex of it to the surface of
the water—and what weight would raise the whole of it above the water?

WILLIAM TALBUT TOTTEN. Philadelphia.

An answer is requested.

Conundrums.

Why do pantaloons of the latest style why does a man with a wooden leg

Ans. -Because he's hobbly-gaited. Why are saip carpenters the most impolite men? Ans.—Because they are several days making a bow.

Answer to Last.

ENIGMA—"The love of money is the root of all evil." REBUS—Gough, (Gibraltar, olive, Ursula, green, Hered.) DOUBLE REBUS—Napoleon, Waterloo, (now, Ada, pit, olive, lather, ell, Orinoco, No.)

Under this title, a writer in Good Words, an "Evangelical" monthly, tells the follow-ing story of the difficulty some people meet with in endeavoring to lead what is called a "religious life:" A lady had gone to visit a young couple of

the better class of the poor. They had yet no children, and the husband being stoker on a railway, they were above the reach of want. Under these circumstances it seemed to the visitor that they might have attended to their religious duties at least to the extent of going to church on Sundays, and she ventured to intimate as much to th young woman who was standing rather idly at the door. "Will you please walk in till I show you something? was the woman's answer; and she conducted her visitor to the little bitchen where her husband sat by the fire. He had just come home for half an hour to have his tea, and was watching the kettle with the most absorbing interest. He was, of course, in his working and his face and hands were of a deep oily black, after the manner of stokers.

"Now, ma'am," said the woman, pointing to him, "you see that there man; that's my husband, and I'm bound to do a part by him, ain't I?" "Surely," said the lady, anxious to uphold the duties of matrimony. "Very well, then; would you like to know how I pass my Sundays? A washing of he! Never a blessed moment has he to wash himself through the week, out early and late and half the night, too, and blacker nor any crow all the while. Well, on Sundays its fitting and proper he should try to look like a Christian, if he can, so he sets me to it after we eats our breakfast, with a bucketful of soapsuds and a scrubbing brush, and I rubs at him off and on all day, till my arms ache, and he ain't much better than he wor; and then after we has our tea, he says to me, Come, Sally, have another brave wench, and I goes at him again, and sluices him down till you'd think a born nigger ud come out white; and if you be-lieve me, ma'am, when I polishes him off with a dry towel afore we goes to bed, he's only a light brown after all!" What was to be said to such stubborn facts; especially